

### 36V System Power Supply with Watchdog Timer for Automotive Applications

No. EC-326-231121

## OUTLINE

R5110x is the system power supply and supervisor IC based on the high-voltage CMOS process technology, and has high accuracy and ultra low supply current voltage.

R5110x consists of a voltage regulator (VR), a voltage detector (VD), and a normal / window type of watchdog timer (WDT) in a chip, and can provide three functions of the system power supply, the supply voltage supervisor, and the supervision of system's miss operation.

Voltage Regulator allows the output current of 500 mA. And, VR has the inrush current protection circuit for rising pulse (Typ.400 mA or less). Voltage Detector outputs a reset signal when a reduction of supply voltage (SENSE /  $V_{OUT}$ ) is detected, and the reset signal is used as system reset. The detection voltage is internally fixed in an IC. And, the delay time is adjustable with an external capacitor because VD has the built-in release delay circuit (the power-on reset circuit). When the supply voltage is higher than the release output voltage, VD maintains the reset state during the delay time. The output type of RESETB and  $D_{OUT}$  are Nch open-drain. In addition, R5110xxx2C and R5110xxx2D (Detector with SENSE pin) have a manual reset (MR) pin.

Watchdog Timer detects the microprocessor output pulse. In addition to the normal type of WDT (R5110Sxx1A / R5110xxx2C) that outputs a reset signal when the detected pulse period is longer than normal, R5110x supports the window type of WDT (R5110Sxx1B / R5110xxx2D) that outputs a reset signal when the detected pulse period is shorter or longer. RESETB outputs the reset signal when using R5110Sxx1A / R5110Sxx1B, and the WDO pin outputs "L" as the reset signal when using R5110xxx2C / R5110xxx2D. The output type of WDO is Nch open-drain. In addition, R5110xxx2C and R5110xxx2D have an inhibiting (INH) pin to stop the watchdog timer's monitoring function. The time out period of Watchdog Timer is also adjustable with an external capacitor. R5110x supports the packages of HSOP-8E, HSOP-18 and HQFN0808-28.

## FEATURES

- Operating Voltage Range (Maximum Rating) ..... 3.5 V to 36.0 V (50.0 V)
- Operating Temperature Range ..... -40°C to 125°C
- Supply Current ..... Typ. 25  $\mu$ A
- Supply Current (On standby) ..... Typ. 0.2  $\mu$ A

### <Voltage Regulator (VR)>

- Output Voltage Range ..... 1.8 V to 5.0 V
- Dropout Voltage ..... Typ. 0.5 V ( $V_{OUT} = 5.0$  V, 500 mA)
- Output Voltage Accuracy .....  $\pm 1.5\%$  ( $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_a \leq 125^{\circ}\text{C}$ )
- Output Voltage Temperature Coefficient ..... Typ.  $\pm 100$  ppm/ $^{\circ}\text{C}$
- Built-in Short Current Limit Circuit ..... Typ. 80 mA
- Built-in Overcurrent Protection Circuit ..... Min. 500 mA

- Built-in Thermal Shutdown Circuit ..... Typ.165°C
- Recommended Ceramic Capacitor..... 0.1  $\mu$ F or more

**<Voltage Detector (VD)>**

- Detector Threshold Range..... 1.6 V to 5.5 V
- Detector Threshold Accuracy .....  $\pm 1.8\%$  ( $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_a \leq 125^{\circ}\text{C}$ )
- Release Delay Accuracy .....  $\pm 20\%$  ( $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_a \leq 125^{\circ}\text{C}$ )
- Release Delay Time ..... Typ. 242 ms ( $C_D = 0.22 \mu\text{F}$ )

Delay Time is adjustable with an external capacitor.

**<Watchdog Timer (WDT)>**

- Open Window Accuracy.....  $\pm 20\%$  ( $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_a \leq 125^{\circ}\text{C}$ )
- Open Window Time ..... Typ.18 ms ( $C_{TW} = 10 \text{ nF}$ )
- Closed Window Time ..... Typ.18 ms ( $C_{TW} = 10 \text{ nF}$ )
- Long Open Window Time ..... Typ.72 ms ( $C_{TW} = 10 \text{ nF}$ )
- Ignoring Time ..... Typ.18 ms ( $C_{TW} = 10 \text{ nF}$ )
- Monitoring Time ..... Typ.18 ms ( $C_{TW} = 10 \text{ nF}$ )
- Reset Time ..... Typ.9.5 ms ( $C_{TW} = 10 \text{ nF}$ )

Each time is adjustable with an external capacitor.

**APPLICATIONS**

- Power source for car accessories including car audio equipment, car navigation system, and ETC system.
- Power source for control units including EV inverter and charge control.

## SELECTION GUIDE

R5110x user selectable options (Watchdog Timer type, Detector type, and additional functions with using MR / INH / WDO pins) are as follows:

Product Name	Package	Quantity per Reel	Pb Free	Halogen Free
R5110Sxx1*-E2-#E	HSOP-8E	1,000 pcs	Yes	Yes
R5110Sxx2*-E2-#E	HSOP-18	1,000 pcs	Yes	Yes
R5110Lxx2*-TR-#E	HQFN0808-28	2,000pcs	Yes	Yes

xx: Specify the set output voltage ( $V_{SET}$ ) and the set detector threshold ( $-V_{SET}$ ) by using serial numbers starting from 01.

Refer to "Mark Specification Table" for details.

\*:

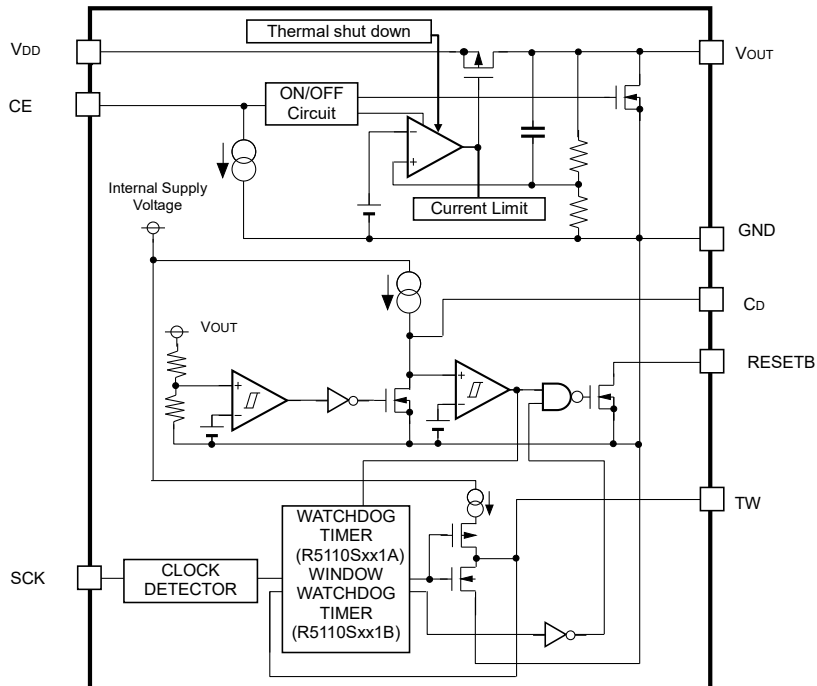
	Detector Monitoring Voltage	Package	Watchdog Timer Type	MR / INH / WDO pins	RESETB/ D <sub>OUT</sub> pins
A	$V_{OUT}$	HSOP-8E	Normal	-	RESETB
B	$V_{OUT}$	HSOP-8E	Window	-	RESETB
C	SENSE	HSOP-18 HQFN0808-28	Normal	Yes	D <sub>OUT</sub>
D	SENSE	HSOP-18 HQFN0808-28	Window	Yes	D <sub>OUT</sub>

#: Quality Class

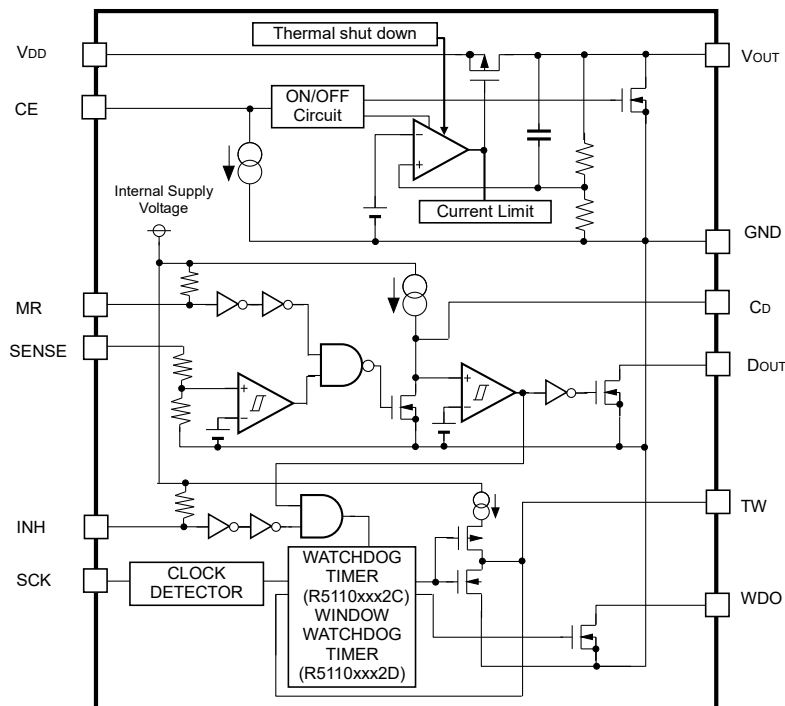
#	Operating Temperature Range	Test Temperature	AEC-Q100
A	-40°C to 125°C	25°C, High	Grade 1
K	-40°C to 125°C	Low, 25°C, High	Grade 1

BLOCK DIAGRAMS

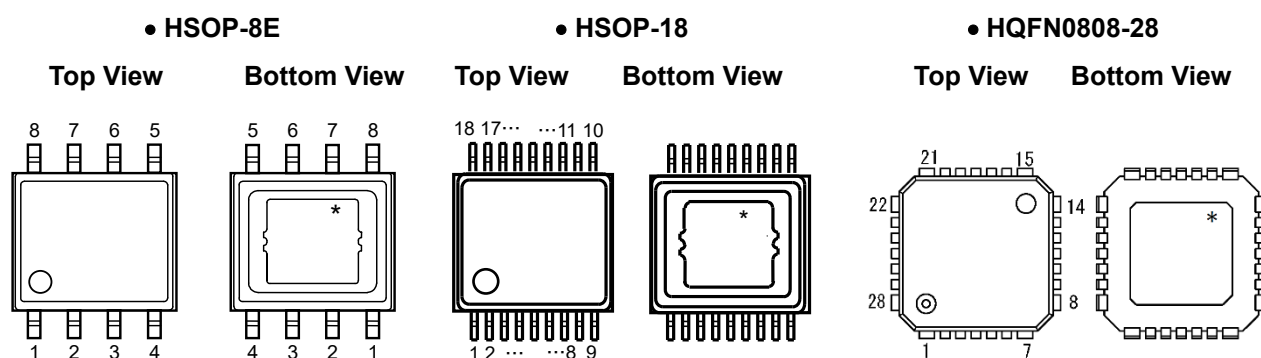
R5110Sxx1A / R5110Sxx1B



R5110xxx2C / R5110xxx2D



## PIN DESCRIPTION



## HSOP-8E (R5110Sxx1A / R5110Sxx1B)

Pin No.	Symbol	Description
1	V <sub>DD</sub>	Supply Voltage pin
2	CE	Chip Enable pin (Active "H")
3	GND	GND pin
4	C <sub>D</sub>	VD Release Delay Time Set pin
5	TW	WDT Monitoring Time Set pin
6	SCK	WDT Pulse Input pin
7	RESETB <sup>(1)</sup>	Reset Output pin (Active "L"), Nch Open Drain Output type
8	V <sub>OUT</sub>	VR Output pin

\* The tab on the bottom of the package enhances thermal performance and is electrically connected to GND (substrate level). It is recommended that the tab be connected to the ground plane on the board, or otherwise be left open.

<sup>(1)</sup> RESETB pin is required to pull up to a suitable voltage with an external resistor.

**HSOP-18 (R5110Sxx2C / R5110Sxx2D)**

Pin No.	Symbol	Description
1	V <sub>DD</sub>	Supply Voltage pin
2	CE	Chip Enable pin (Active "H")
3	NC	No Connection
4	NC	No Connection
5	GND	GND pin
6	NC	No Connection
7	NC	No Connection
8	C <sub>D</sub>	VD Release Delay Time Set pin
9	MR	Manual Reset pin (Active "L")
10	TW	WDT Monitoring Time Set pin
11	INH	Inhibition pin (Active "L")
12	SCK	WDT Pulse Input pin
13	WDO <sup>(1)</sup>	WDT Output pin, Nch Open Drain Output type
14	D <sub>OUT</sub> <sup>(2)</sup>	Reset Output pin (Active "L"), Nch Open Drain Output type
15	SENSE	VD Voltage SENSE pin
16	NC	No Connection
17	NC	No Connection
18	V <sub>OUT</sub>	VR Output pin

\* The tab on the bottom of the package enhances thermal performance and is electrically connected to GND (substrate level). It is recommended that the tab be connected to the ground plane on the board, or otherwise be left open.

<sup>(1)</sup> WDO pin is required to pull up to a suitable voltage with an external resistor.

<sup>(2)</sup> D<sub>OUT</sub> pin is required to pull up to a suitable voltage with an external resistor.

**HQFN0808-28 (R5110Lxx2C / R5110Lxx2D)**

Pin No.	Symbol	Description
1	GND	GND pin
2	NC	No Connection
3	V <sub>DD</sub>	Supply Voltage pin
4	NC	No Connection
5	CE	Chip Enable pin (Active "H")
6	NC	No Connection
7	GND	GND pin
8	GND	GND pin
9	GND	GND pin
10	C <sub>D</sub>	VD Release Delay Time Set pin
11	MR	Manual Reset pin (Active "L")
12	TW	WDT Monitoring Time Set pin
13	INH	Inhibition pin (Active "L")
14	GND	GND pin
15	GND	GND pin
16	SCK	WDT Pulse Input pin
17	NC	No Connection
18	WDO <sup>(1)</sup>	WDT Output pin, Nch Open Drain Output type
19	DOUT <sup>(2)</sup>	Reset Output pin (Active "L"), Nch Open Drain Output type
20	SENSE	VD Voltage SENSE pin
21	GND	GND pin
22	GND	GND pin
23	NC	No Connection
24	NC	No Connection
25	NC	No Connection
26	V <sub>OUT</sub>	VR Output pin
27	NC	No Connection
28	GND	GND pin

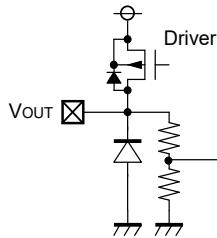
\* The tab on the bottom of the package enhances thermal performance and is electrically connected to GND (substrate level). It is recommended that the tab be connected to the ground plane on the board, or otherwise be left open.

<sup>(1)</sup> WDO pin is required to pull up to a suitable voltage with an external resistor.

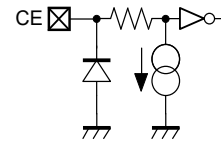
<sup>(2)</sup> DOUT pin is required to pull up to a suitable voltage with an external resistor.

**PIN EQUIVALENT CIRCUIT DIAGRAMS**

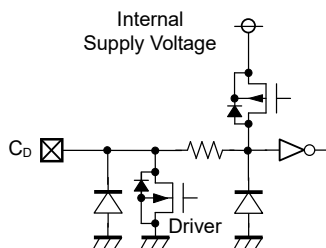
**<V<sub>OUT</sub> pin>**



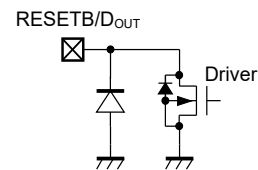
**<CE pin>**



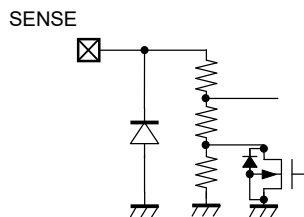
**<C<sub>D</sub> pin>**



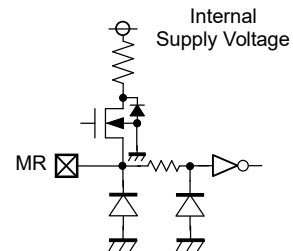
**<RESETB pin(R5110Sxx1x) / D<sub>OUT</sub> pin(R5110xxx2x)>**



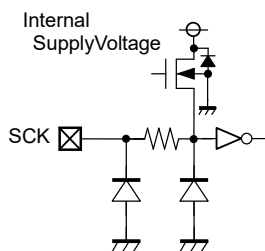
**<SENSE pin (R5110xxx2x)>**



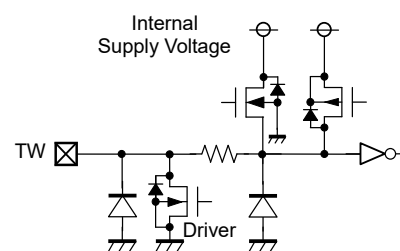
**<MR pin (R5110xxx2x)>**



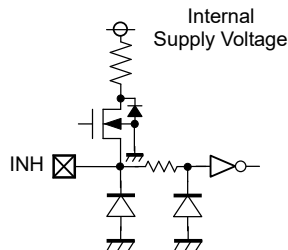
**<SCK pin>**



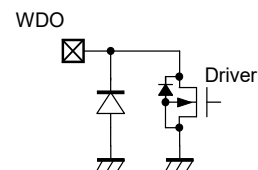
**<TW pin>**



**<INH pin (R5110xxx2x)>**



**<WDO pin (R5110xxx2x)>**



## ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Symbol	Item	Rating	Unit
$V_{IN}$	Input Voltage	-0.3 to 50	V
	Peak Voltage <sup>(1)</sup>	60	V
$V_{CE}$	CE Pin Input Voltage	-0.3 to 50	V
$V_{OUT}$	Output Voltage	-0.3 to $V_{IN} + 0.3 \leq 50$	V
$V_{CD}$	$C_D$ Pin Output Voltage	-0.3 to 7.0	V
$V_{TW}$	TW Pin Output Voltage	-0.3 to 7.0	V
$V_{RESETB}$	RESETB Pin Output Voltage	-0.3 to 7.0	V
$V_{DOUT}$	$D_{OUT}$ Pin Output Voltage	-0.3 to 7.0	V
$V_{WDO}$	WDO Pin Output Voltage	-0.3 to 7.0	V
$V_{SCK}$	SCK Pin Input Voltage	-0.3 to 7.0	V
$V_{INH}$	INH Pin Input Voltage	-0.3 to 7.0	V
$V_{MR}$	MR Pin Input Voltage	-0.3 to 7.0	V
$V_{SENSE}$	SENSE Pin Input Voltage	-0.3 to 7.0	V
$P_D$	Power Dissipation <sup>(2)</sup>	HSOP-8E (JEDEC STD.51)	3600
		HSOP-18 (JEDEC STD.51)	3900
		HQFN0808-28 (JEDEC STD.51)	5800
$T_j$	Junction Temperature	-40 to 150	°C
$T_{stg}$	Storage Temperature	-55 to 150	°C

### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Electronic and mechanical stress momentarily exceeded absolute maximum ratings may cause permanent damage and may degrade the life time and safety for both device and system using the device in the field. The functional operation at or over these absolute maximum ratings are not assured.

## RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

Symbol	Item	Rating	Unit
$V_{IN}$	Input Voltage	3.5 to 36.0	V
$V_{CE}$	CE Pin Input Voltage	0 to 36.0	V
$V_{SCK}$	SCK Pin Input Voltage	0 to 5.5	V
$V_{INH}$	INH Pin Input Voltage	0 to 5.5	V
$V_{MR}$	MR Pin Input Voltage	0 to 5.5	V
$V_{SENSE}$	SENSE Pin Input Voltage	0 to 5.5	V
$T_a$	Operating Temperature Range	-40 to 125	°C

### RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITONS

All of electronic equipment should be designed that the mounted semiconductor devices operate within the recommended operating conditions. The semiconductor devices cannot operate normally over the recommended operating conditions, even if they are used over such ratings by momentary electronic noise or surge. And the semiconductor devices may receive serious damage when they continue to operate over the recommended operating conditions.

<sup>(1)</sup> Within application time of 200 ms

<sup>(2)</sup> Refer to *POWER DISSIPATION* for detailed information.

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

$C_{IN} = C_{OUT} = 0.1\mu\text{F}$ ,  $V_{IN} = 14\text{ V}$ , unless otherwise noted.

The specification in  is checked and guaranteed by design engineering at  $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_a \leq 125^{\circ}\text{C}$ .

### R5110xxxxx-AE

( $T_a = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ )

Symbol	Item	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$I_{SS}$	Supply Current	$I_{OUT} = 0\text{ mA}$		25	<input type="checkbox"/> 38	$\mu\text{A}$
$I_{standby}$	Power Consumption (on standby)	$V_{IN} = 36\text{ V}$ , $V_{CE} = 0\text{ V}$		0.2	<input type="checkbox"/> 4.0	$\mu\text{A}$
$I_{PD}$	CE Pull-downConstant Current	$V_{CE} = 5\text{ V}$		0.2	<input type="checkbox"/> 0.6	$\mu\text{A}$
		$V_{CE} = 36\text{ V}$		0.5	<input type="checkbox"/> 1.3	$\mu\text{A}$
$V_{CEH}$	CE Input Voltage «H»		<input type="checkbox"/> 2.2		<input type="checkbox"/> 36	V
$V_{CEL}$	CE Input Voltage «L»				<input type="checkbox"/> 1.0	V

### VR Part

( $T_a = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ )

Symbol	Item	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	
$V_{OUT}$	Output Voltage	$I_{OUT} = 1\text{ mA}$	<input type="checkbox"/> 0.985		<input type="checkbox"/> 1.015	V	
$\Delta V_{OUT}/\Delta I_{OUT}$	Load Regulation	$V_{IN} = V_{SET} + 2.0\text{ V}$ $1\text{ mA} \leq I_{OUT} \leq 500\text{ mA}$	<input type="checkbox"/> -20	0	<input type="checkbox"/> 30	mV	
$V_{DIF}$	Dropout Voltage	$I_{OUT} = 500\text{ mA}$	$V_{SET} = 1.8$		1.70	<input type="checkbox"/> 1.90	V
			$V_{SET} = 2.5$		1.00	<input type="checkbox"/> 1.55	V
			$V_{SET} = 3.3$		0.60	<input type="checkbox"/> 1.20	V
			$V_{SET} = 5.0$		0.50	<input type="checkbox"/> 0.95	V
$\Delta V_{OUT}/\Delta V_{IN}$	Line Regulation	$3.5\text{ V} \leq V_{SET} + 0.5\text{ V} \leq V_{IN} \leq 36\text{ V}$ $I_{OUT} = 1\text{ mA}$		0.01	<input type="checkbox"/> 0.02	%/V	
$I_{LIM}$	Output Current Limit	$V_{IN} = V_{SET} + 3.0\text{ V}$	<input type="checkbox"/> 500	750	<input type="checkbox"/> 1000	mA	
$I_{SC}$	Short current Limit	$V_{IN} = 5\text{ V}$ , $V_{OUT} = 0\text{ V}$	<input type="checkbox"/> 35	80	<input type="checkbox"/> 135	mA	
$T_{TSD}$	Thermal Shutdown Temperature	Junction Temperature	<input type="checkbox"/> 150	165		$^{\circ}\text{C}$	
$T_{TSR}$	Thermal Shutdown Release Temperature	Junction Temperature	<input type="checkbox"/> 125	140		$^{\circ}\text{C}$	
$R_{LOW}$	$V_{OUT}$ Low Output Nch Tr.ON Resistance	$V_{CE} = 0\text{ V}$ , $V_{OUT} = 0.1\text{ V}$		3.2	<input type="checkbox"/> 7.0	k $\Omega$	

$C_{IN} = C_{OUT} = 0.1 \mu\text{F}$ ,  $V_{IN} = 14 \text{ V}$ , unless otherwise noted.

The specification in  is checked and guaranteed by design engineering at  $-40^\circ\text{C} \leq T_a \leq 125^\circ\text{C}$ .

## VD Part

(Ta = 25°C)

Symbol	Item	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$-V_{DET}$	Detector Threshold	$V_{OUT}$ Set Detector Threshold	<input type="checkbox"/> 0.982		<input type="checkbox"/> 1.018	V
$V_{HYS}$	Detector Threshold Hysteresis		$\frac{(-V_{DET})}{\text{x0.01}}$	$(-V_{DET})$ x0.02	$\frac{(-V_{DET})}{\text{x0.03}}$	V
t <sub>delay</sub>	Release Output Delay Time (Power-On Reset)	$C_D = 0.22 \mu\text{F}$	<input type="checkbox"/> 194	242	<input type="checkbox"/> 290	ms
$V_{RESETB}$	RESETB Pull-up Voltage	R5110Sxx1A / R5110Sxx1B			<input type="checkbox"/> 5.5	V
$V_{DOUT}$	D <sub>OUT</sub> Pull-up Voltage	R5110xxx2C / R5110xxx2D			<input type="checkbox"/> 5.5	V
$I_{OUTNRSTB}$	Nch. Output Current (RESETB Output Pin)	R5110Sxx1A / R5110Sxx1B $V_{IN} = 3.5 \text{ V}$ , $V_{RESETB} = 0.1 \text{ V}$	<input type="checkbox"/> 0.7	1.5		mA
$I_{LEAKRSTB}$	Nch. Leakage Current (RESETB Output Pin)	R5110Sxx1A / R5110Sxx1B $V_{RESETB} = 5.5 \text{ V}$			<input type="checkbox"/> 0.3	$\mu\text{A}$
$I_{OUTDOUT}$	Nch. Output Current (D <sub>OUT</sub> Output Pin)	R5110xxx2C / R5110xxx2D $V_{IN} = 3.5 \text{ V}$ , $V_{DOUT} = 0.1 \text{ V}$	<input type="checkbox"/> 0.7	1.5		mA
$I_{LEAKDOUT}$	Nch. Leakage Current (D <sub>OUT</sub> Output Pin)	R5110xxx2C / R5110xxx2D $V_{DOUT} = 5.5 \text{ V}$			<input type="checkbox"/> 0.3	$\mu\text{A}$
$V_{MRH}$	MR Input "H"		<input type="checkbox"/> 1.5		<input type="checkbox"/> 5.5	V
$V_{MRL}$	MR Input "L"		<input type="checkbox"/> 0		<input type="checkbox"/> 0.6	V
MRW	MR Input Pulse Width		<input type="checkbox"/> 2			$\mu\text{s}$
RMR	MR Pull-up Resistance		<input type="checkbox"/> 50	110	<input type="checkbox"/> 160	k $\Omega$
$R_{LCD}$	$C_D$ Pin Discharge Nch Tr.ON Resistance	$V_{CE} = 0 \text{ V}$ , $V_{CD} = 0.1 \text{ V}$		7.5	<input type="checkbox"/> 20	k $\Omega$

$C_{IN} = C_{OUT} = 0.1\mu\text{F}$ ,  $V_{IN} = 14\text{ V}$ , unless otherwise noted.

The specification in  is checked and guaranteed by design engineering at  $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_a \leq 125^{\circ}\text{C}$ .

**WDT Part**

(Ta = 25°C)

Symbol	Item	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	
t <sub>OW</sub>	Open Window Time	R5110Sxx1B/ R5110xxx2D	C <sub>TW</sub> = 10 nF	14.4	18.0	21.6	ms
t <sub>CW</sub>	Closed Window Time			14.4	18.0	21.6	ms
t <sub>OWL</sub>	Long Open Window Time			36.0	72.0	108.0	ms
t <sub>IGN</sub>	Ignoring Time	C <sub>TW</sub> = 10 nF		14.4	18.0	21.6	ms
t <sub>WD</sub>	Monitoring Time	R5110Sxx1A/ R5110xxx2C	C <sub>TW</sub> = 10 nF	14.4	18.0	21.6	ms
t <sub>WR</sub>	Reset Time	C <sub>TW</sub> = 10 nF		7.6	9.5	11.4	ms
V <sub>SCKH</sub>	SCK Input "H"			1.5		5.5	V
V <sub>SCKL</sub>	SCK Input "L"			0		0.65	V
V <sub>INH</sub>	INH Input "H"			1.5		5.5	V
V <sub>INHL</sub>	INH Input "L"			0		0.6	V
R <sub>INH</sub>	INH Pull-up Resistance			50	110	160	kΩ
t <sub>SCKWH</sub>	SCK Minimum Input Pulse Width "H"	V <sub>SCKL</sub> = 0.5, V <sub>SCKH</sub> = 1.6		500			ns
t <sub>SCKWL</sub>	SCK Minimum Input Pulse Width "L"	V <sub>SCKL</sub> = 0.5, V <sub>SCKH</sub> = 1.6		1500			ns
V <sub>WDO</sub>	WDO Pull-up Voltage					5.5	V
I <sub>OUTNWDO</sub>	Nch. Output Current (WDO Output Pin)	R5110xxx2C / R5110xxx2D V <sub>IN</sub> = 3.5 V, V <sub>DS</sub> = 0.1 V		0.7	1.5		mA
I <sub>LEAKWDO</sub>	Nch. Leakage Current (WDO Output Pin)	R5110xxx2C / R5110xxx2D V <sub>WDO</sub> = 5.5 V				0.3	μA
R <sub>LTW</sub>	C <sub>TW</sub> Discharge Nch Tr.ON Resistance	V <sub>CE</sub> = 0 V, V <sub>CTW</sub> = 0.1 V			7.5	20	kΩ

All test items listed under Electrical Characteristics are done under the pulse load condition (T<sub>j</sub> ≈ T<sub>a</sub> = 25°C).

## Product-specific Electrical Characteristics

The specification in  is checked and guaranteed by design engineering at  $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_a \leq 125^{\circ}\text{C}$ .

## R5110xxxx-AE Product-specific Electrical Characteristics

## VR Part

(Ta = 25°C)

Product Name	V <sub>OUT</sub> [V]			V <sub>DIF</sub> [V]	
	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Typ.	Max.
R5110x01xx	<input type="checkbox"/> 4.925	5.000	<input type="checkbox"/> 5.075	0.50	<input type="checkbox"/> 0.95
R5110x02xx	<input type="checkbox"/> 1.773	1.800	<input type="checkbox"/> 1.827	1.70	<input type="checkbox"/> 1.90
R5110x03xx	<input type="checkbox"/> 4.925	5.000	<input type="checkbox"/> 5.075	0.50	<input type="checkbox"/> 0.95
R5110x04xx	<input type="checkbox"/> 4.925	5.000	<input type="checkbox"/> 5.075	0.50	<input type="checkbox"/> 0.95
R5110x05xx	<input type="checkbox"/> 4.925	5.000	<input type="checkbox"/> 5.075	0.50	<input type="checkbox"/> 0.95
R5110x06xx	<input type="checkbox"/> 4.925	5.000	<input type="checkbox"/> 5.075	0.50	<input type="checkbox"/> 0.95
R5110x07xx	<input type="checkbox"/> 4.925	5.000	<input type="checkbox"/> 5.075	0.50	<input type="checkbox"/> 0.95
R5110x08xx	<input type="checkbox"/> 3.251	3.300	<input type="checkbox"/> 3.349	0.60	<input type="checkbox"/> 1.20
R5110x09xx	<input type="checkbox"/> 3.251	3.300	<input type="checkbox"/> 3.349	0.60	<input type="checkbox"/> 1.20
R5110x10xx	<input type="checkbox"/> 3.251	3.300	<input type="checkbox"/> 3.349	0.60	<input type="checkbox"/> 1.20
R5110x11xx	<input type="checkbox"/> 3.251	3.300	<input type="checkbox"/> 3.349	0.60	<input type="checkbox"/> 1.20
R5110x12xx	<input type="checkbox"/> 4.925	5.000	<input type="checkbox"/> 5.075	0.50	<input type="checkbox"/> 0.95
R5110x13xx	<input type="checkbox"/> 3.349	3.400	<input type="checkbox"/> 3.451	0.60	<input type="checkbox"/> 1.20
R5110x142x	<input type="checkbox"/> 3.251	3.300	<input type="checkbox"/> 3.349	0.60	<input type="checkbox"/> 1.20

## VD Part

(Ta = 25°C)

Product Name	-V <sub>DET</sub> [V]			V <sub>HYS</sub> [V]		
	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Min.	Typ.	Max.
R5110x01xx	<input type="checkbox"/> 4.518	4.600	<input type="checkbox"/> 4.682	<input type="checkbox"/> 0.046	0.092	<input type="checkbox"/> 0.138
R5110x02xx	<input type="checkbox"/> 1.572	1.600	<input type="checkbox"/> 1.628	<input type="checkbox"/> 0.016	0.032	<input type="checkbox"/> 0.048
R5110x03xx	<input type="checkbox"/> 4.419	4.500	<input type="checkbox"/> 4.581	<input type="checkbox"/> 0.045	0.090	<input type="checkbox"/> 0.135
R5110x04xx	<input type="checkbox"/> 4.321	4.400	<input type="checkbox"/> 4.479	<input type="checkbox"/> 0.044	0.088	<input type="checkbox"/> 0.132
R5110x05xx	<input type="checkbox"/> 4.223	4.300	<input type="checkbox"/> 4.377	<input type="checkbox"/> 0.043	0.086	<input type="checkbox"/> 0.129
R5110x06xx	<input type="checkbox"/> 4.125	4.200	<input type="checkbox"/> 4.275	<input type="checkbox"/> 0.042	0.084	<input type="checkbox"/> 0.126
R5110x07xx	<input type="checkbox"/> 3.634	3.700	<input type="checkbox"/> 3.766	<input type="checkbox"/> 0.037	0.074	<input type="checkbox"/> 0.111
R5110x08xx	<input type="checkbox"/> 2.946	3.000	<input type="checkbox"/> 3.054	<input type="checkbox"/> 0.030	0.060	<input type="checkbox"/> 0.090
R5110x09xx	<input type="checkbox"/> 2.848	2.900	<input type="checkbox"/> 2.952	<input type="checkbox"/> 0.029	0.058	<input type="checkbox"/> 0.087
R5110x10xx	<input type="checkbox"/> 2.750	2.800	<input type="checkbox"/> 2.850	<input type="checkbox"/> 0.028	0.056	<input type="checkbox"/> 0.084
R5110x11xx	<input type="checkbox"/> 2.652	2.700	<input type="checkbox"/> 2.748	<input type="checkbox"/> 0.027	0.054	<input type="checkbox"/> 0.081
R5110x12xx	<input type="checkbox"/> 4.027	4.100	<input type="checkbox"/> 4.173	<input type="checkbox"/> 0.041	0.082	<input type="checkbox"/> 0.123
R5110x13xx	<input type="checkbox"/> 3.045	3.100	<input type="checkbox"/> 3.155	<input type="checkbox"/> 0.031	0.062	<input type="checkbox"/> 0.093
R5110x142x	<input type="checkbox"/> 4.518	4.600	<input type="checkbox"/> 4.682	<input type="checkbox"/> 0.046	0.092	<input type="checkbox"/> 0.138

$C_{IN} = C_{OUT} = 0.1\mu\text{F}$ ,  $V_{IN} = 14\text{ V}$ , unless otherwise noted.

**R5110xxxxx-KE**

( $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_a \leq 125^{\circ}\text{C}$ )

Symbol	Item	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$I_{SS}$	Supply Current	$I_{OUT} = 0\text{ mA}$		25	38	$\mu\text{A}$
$I_{standby}$	Power Consumption (on standby)	$V_{IN} = 36\text{ V}, V_{CE} = 0\text{ V}$		0.2	4.0	$\mu\text{A}$
$I_{PD}$	CE Pull-down Constant Current	$V_{CE} = 5\text{ V}$		0.2	0.6	$\mu\text{A}$
		$V_{CE} = 36\text{ V}$		0.5	1.3	$\mu\text{A}$
$V_{CEH}$	CE Input Voltage «H»		2.2		36	V
$V_{CEL}$	CE Input Voltage «L»				1.0	V

**VR Part**

( $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_a \leq 125^{\circ}\text{C}$ )

Symbol	Item	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	
$V_{OUT}$	Output Voltage	$I_{OUT} = 1\text{ mA}$	$\times 0.985$		$\times 1.015$	V	
$\Delta V_{OUT}/\Delta I_{OUT}$	Load Regulation	$V_{IN} = V_{SET} + 2.0\text{ V}$ $1\text{ mA} \leq I_{OUT} \leq 500\text{ mA}$	-20	0	30	mV	
$V_{DIF}$	Dropout Voltage	$I_{OUT} = 500\text{ mA}$	$V_{SET} = 1.8$		1.70	1.90	V
			$V_{SET} = 2.5$		1.00	1.55	V
			$V_{SET} = 3.3$		0.60	1.20	V
			$V_{SET} = 5.0$		0.50	0.95	V
$\Delta V_{OUT}/\Delta V_{IN}$	Line Regulation	$3.5\text{ V} \leq V_{SET} + 0.5\text{ V} \leq V_{IN} \leq 36\text{ V}$ $I_{OUT} = 1\text{ mA}$		0.01	0.02	%/V	
$I_{LIM}$	Output Current Limit	$V_{IN} = V_{SET} + 3.0\text{ V}$	500	750	1000	mA	
$I_{SC}$	Short current Limit	$V_{IN} = 5\text{ V}, V_{OUT} = 0\text{ V}$	35	80	135	mA	
$T_{TSD}$	Thermal Shutdown Temperature	Junction Temperature	150	165		$^{\circ}\text{C}$	
$T_{TSR}$	Thermal Shutdown Release Temperature	Junction Temperature	125	140		$^{\circ}\text{C}$	
$R_{LOW}$	$V_{OUT}$ Low Output Nch Tr.ON Resistance	$V_{CE} = 0\text{ V}, V_{OUT} = 0.1\text{ V}$		3.2	7.0	k $\Omega$	

$C_{IN} = C_{OUT} = 0.1 \mu\text{F}$ ,  $V_{IN} = 14 \text{ V}$ , unless otherwise noted.

## VD Part

( $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_a \leq 125^{\circ}\text{C}$ )

Symbol	Item	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$-V_{DET}$	Detector Threshold	$V_{OUT}$ Set Detector Threshold	x0.982		x1.018	V
$V_{HYS}$	Detector Threshold Hysteresis		$(-V_{DET})$ x0.01	$(-V_{DET})$ x0.02	$(-V_{DET})$ x0.03	V
t <sub>delay</sub>	Release Output Delay Time (Power-On Reset)	$C_D = 0.22 \mu\text{F}$	194	242	290	ms
$V_{RESETB}$	RESETB Pull-up Voltage	R5110Sxx1A / R5110Sxx1B			5.5	V
$V_{DOUT}$	D <sub>OUT</sub> Pull-up Voltage	R5110xxx2C / R5110xxx2D			5.5	V
$I_{OUTNRSTB}$	Output Current (RESETB Output Pin)	R5110Sxx1A / R5110Sxx1B Nch, $V_{DD} = 3.5 \text{ V}$ , $V_{DS} = 0.1 \text{ V}$	0.7	1.5		mA
$I_{LEAKRSTB}$	Nch Leakage Current (RESETB Output Pin)	R5110Sxx1A / R5110Sxx1B $V_{RESETB} = 5.5 \text{ V}$			0.3	$\mu\text{A}$
$I_{OUTDOUT}$	Output Current (D <sub>OUT</sub> Output Pin)	R5110xxx2C / R5110xxx2D Nch, $V_{DD} = 3.5 \text{ V}$ , $V_{DS} = 0.1 \text{ V}$	0.7	1.5		mA
$I_{LEAKDOUT}$	Nch Leakage Current (D <sub>OUT</sub> Output Pin)	R5110xxx2C / R5110xxx2D $V_{DOUT} = 5.5 \text{ V}$			0.3	$\mu\text{A}$
$V_{MRH}$	MR Input "H"		1.5		5.5	V
$V_{MRL}$	MR Input "L"		0		0.6	V
MRW	MR Input Pulse Width		2			$\mu\text{s}$
RMR	MR Pull-up Resistance		50	110	160	k $\Omega$
$R_{LCD}$	$C_D$ Pin Discharge Nch Tr.ON Resistance	$V_{CE} = 0 \text{ V}$ , $V_{CD} = 0.1 \text{ V}$		7.5	20	k $\Omega$

$C_{IN} = C_{OUT} = 0.1 \mu F$ ,  $V_{IN} = 14 V$ , unless otherwise noted.

**WDT Part**

( $-40^{\circ}C \leq T_a \leq 125^{\circ}C$ )

Symbol	Item	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	
$t_{OW}$	Open Window Time	R5110Sxx1B/ R5110xxx2D	$C_{TW} = 10 \text{ nF}$	14.4	18.0	21.6	ms
$t_{CW}$	Closed Window Time			14.4	18.0	21.6	ms
$t_{OWL}$	Long Open Window Time			36.0	72.0	108.0	ms
$t_{IGN}$	Ignoring Time	$C_{TW} = 10 \text{ nF}$	14.4	18.0	21.6	ms	
$t_{WD}$	Monitoring Time	R5110Sxx1A/ R5110xxx2C	$C_{TW} = 10 \text{ nF}$	14.4	18.0	21.6	ms
$t_{WR}$	Reset Time	$C_{TW} = 10 \text{ nF}$	7.6	9.5	11.4	ms	
$V_{SCKH}$	SCK Input "H"		1.5		5.5	V	
$V_{SCKL}$	SCK Input "L"		0		0.65	V	
$V_{INH}$	INH Input "H"		1.5		5.5	V	
$V_{INHL}$	INH Input "L"		0		0.6	V	
$R_{INH}$	INH Pull-up Resistance		50	110	160	k $\Omega$	
$t_{SCKWH}$	SCK Minimum Input Pulse Width "H"	$V_{SCKL} = 0.5, V_{SCKH} = 1.6$	500			ns	
$t_{SCKWL}$	SCK Minimum Input Pulse Width "L"	$V_{SCKL} = 0.5, V_{SCKH} = 1.6$	1500			ns	
$V_{WDO}$	WDO Pull-up Voltage				5.5	V	
$I_{OUTNWDO}$	Output Current (WDO Output Pin)	R5110xxx2C / R5110xxx2D $V_{DD} = 3.5 \text{ V}, V_{DS} = 0.1 \text{ V}$	0.7	1.5		mA	
$I_{LEAKWDO}$	Nch Leakage Current (WDO Output Pin)	R5110xxx2C / R5110xxx2D $V_{WDO} = 5.5 \text{ V}$			0.3	$\mu A$	
$R_{LTW}$	$C_{TW}$ Discharge Nch Tr.ON Resistance	$V_{CE} = 0 \text{ V}, V_{CTW} = 0.1 \text{ V}$		7.5	20	k $\Omega$	

## Product-specific Electrical Characteristics

## R5110xxxx-KE Product-specific Electrical Characteristics

## VR Part

(-40°C ≤ Ta ≤ 125°C)

Product Name	V <sub>OUT</sub> [V]			V <sub>DIF</sub> [V]	
	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Typ.	Max.
R5110x01xx	4.925	5.000	5.075	0.50	0.95
R5110x02xx	1.773	1.800	1.827	1.70	1.90
R5110x03xx	4.925	5.000	5.075	0.50	0.95
R5110x04xx	4.925	5.000	5.075	0.50	0.95
R5110x05xx	4.925	5.000	5.075	0.50	0.95
R5110x06xx	4.925	5.000	5.075	0.50	0.95
R5110x07xx	4.925	5.000	5.075	0.50	0.95
R5110x08xx	3.251	3.300	3.349	0.60	1.20
R5110x09xx	3.251	3.300	3.349	0.60	1.20
R5110x10xx	3.251	3.300	3.349	0.60	1.20
R5110x11xx	3.251	3.300	3.349	0.60	1.20
R5110x12xx	4.925	5.000	5.075	0.50	0.95
R5110x13xx	3.349	3.400	3.451	0.60	1.20
R5110x142x	3.251	3.300	3.349	0.60	1.20

## VD Part

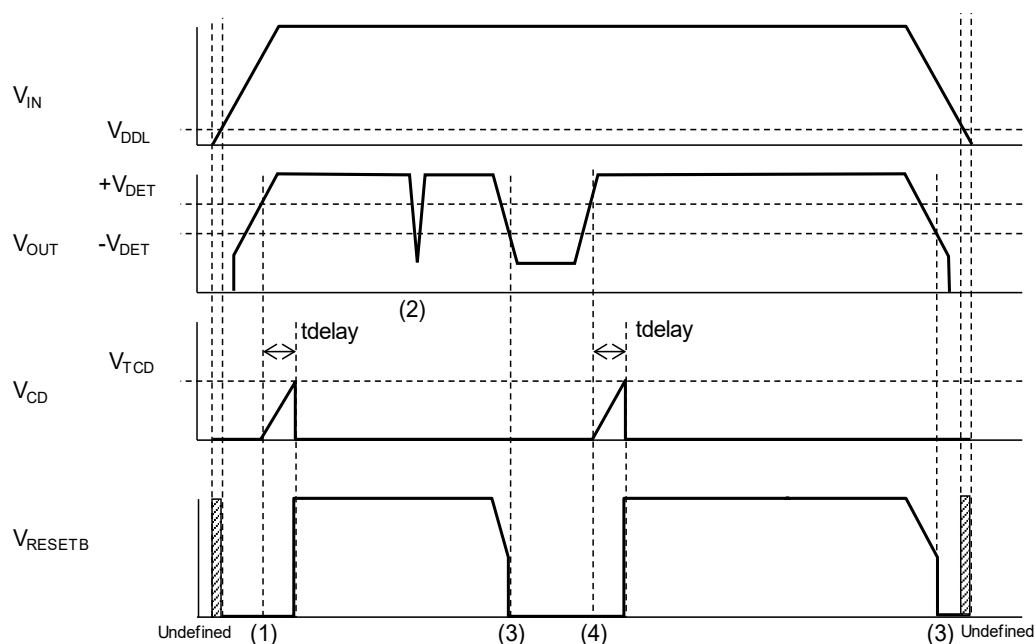
(-40°C ≤ Ta ≤ 125°C)

Product Name	-V <sub>DET</sub> [V]			V <sub>HYS</sub> [V]		
	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Min.	Typ.	Max.
R5110x01xx	4.518	4.600	4.682	0.046	0.092	0.138
R5110x02xx	1.572	1.600	1.628	0.016	0.032	0.048
R5110x03xx	4.419	4.500	4.581	0.045	0.090	0.135
R5110x04xx	4.321	4.400	4.479	0.044	0.088	0.132
R5110x05xx	4.223	4.300	4.377	0.043	0.086	0.129
R5110x06xx	4.125	4.200	4.275	0.042	0.084	0.126
R5110x07xx	3.634	3.700	3.766	0.037	0.074	0.111
R5110x08xx	2.946	3.000	3.054	0.030	0.060	0.090
R5110x09xx	2.848	2.900	2.952	0.029	0.058	0.087
R5110x10xx	2.750	2.800	2.850	0.028	0.056	0.084
R5110x11xx	2.652	2.700	2.748	0.027	0.054	0.081
R5110x12xx	4.027	4.100	4.173	0.041	0.082	0.123
R5110x13xx	3.045	3.100	3.155	0.031	0.062	0.093
R5110x142x	4.518	4.600	4.682	0.046	0.092	0.138

## OPERATION DESCRIPTION

### Timing Chart

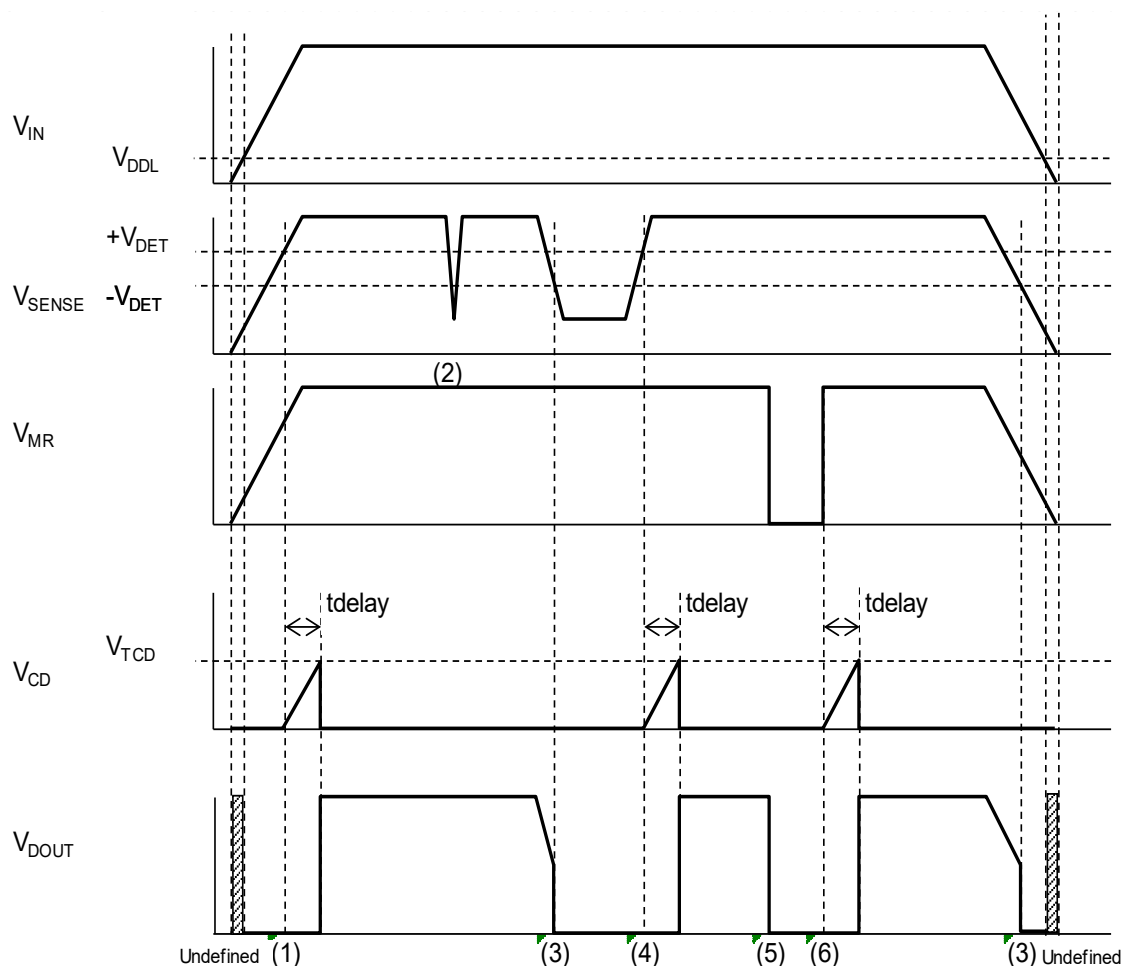
#### R5110Sxx1A / R5110Sxx1B Voltage Detector



**R5110Sxx1A / R5110Sxx1B VD Timing Chart**

- (1) When the  $V_{OUT}$  pin voltage ( $V_{OUT}$ ) becomes more than the release voltage ( $+V_{DET}$ ), the RESETB pin voltage ( $V_{RESETB}$ ) becomes "H" after the release output delay time ( $t_{delay}$ ).
- (2) When the detect output delay time is less than  $30\ \mu\text{s}$  (Typ.) even if  $V_{OUT}$  becomes lower than the detector threshold ( $-V_{DET}$ ), the voltage detector (VD) does not go into the detecting state.
- (3) When  $V_{OUT}$  becomes lower than  $-V_{DET}$ ,  $V_{RESETB}$  becomes "L" after the detect output delay time (Typ.  $30\ \mu\text{s}$ ) and the VD goes into the detecting state.
- (4) When  $V_{OUT}$  becomes more than  $+V_{DET}$ ,  $V_{RESETB}$  becomes "H" after the release output delay time. ( $V_{TCD} = \text{Typ. } 1\ \text{V}$ )

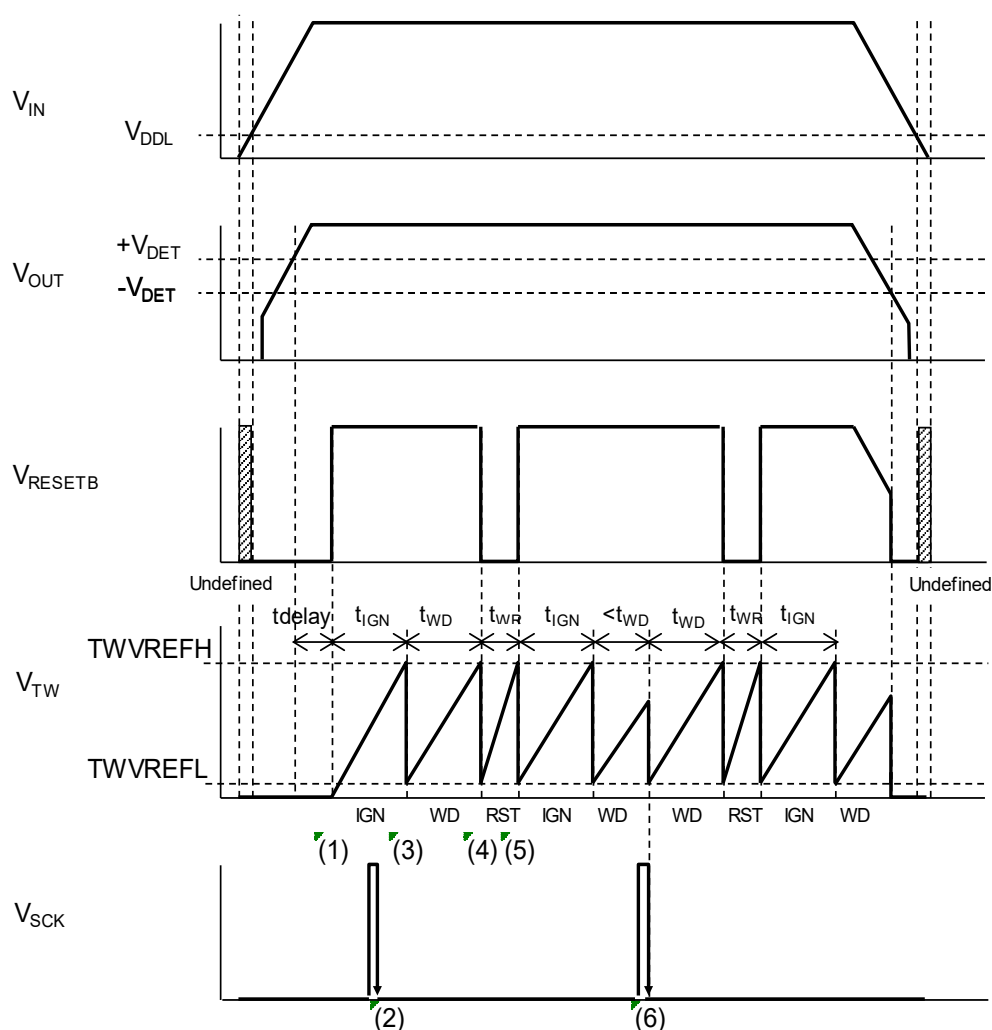
## R5110xxx2C / R5110xxx2D Voltage Detector



R5110xxx2C / R5110xxx2D VD Timing Chart

- (1) When the SENSE pin voltage ( $V_{\text{SENSE}}$ ) becomes more than the release voltage ( $+V_{\text{DET}}$ ), the DOUT pin voltage ( $V_{\text{DOUT}}$ ) becomes "H" after the release output delay time ( $t_{\text{delay}}$ ).
- (2) When the detect output delay time is  $30\ \mu\text{s}$  (Typ.) or less even if  $V_{\text{SENSE}}$  becomes lower than the detector threshold ( $-V_{\text{DET}}$ ), the voltage detector (VD) does not go into the detecting state.
- (3) When  $V_{\text{SENSE}}$  becomes lower than  $-V_{\text{DET}}$ ,  $V_{\text{DOUT}}$  becomes "L" after the detect output delay time (Typ.  $30\ \mu\text{s}$ ) and the VD goes into the detecting state.
- (4) When  $V_{\text{SENSE}}$  becomes more than  $+V_{\text{DET}}$ ,  $V_{\text{DOUT}}$  becomes "H" after the release output delay time. ( $V_{\text{TCD}} = \text{Typ. } 1\ \text{V}$ )
- (5) When the MR pin voltage ( $V_{\text{MR}}$ ) becomes "L",  $V_{\text{DOUT}}$  is fixed to "L".
- (6) When  $V_{\text{MR}}$  becomes "L" to "H",  $V_{\text{DOUT}}$  becomes "H" after the release output delay time.

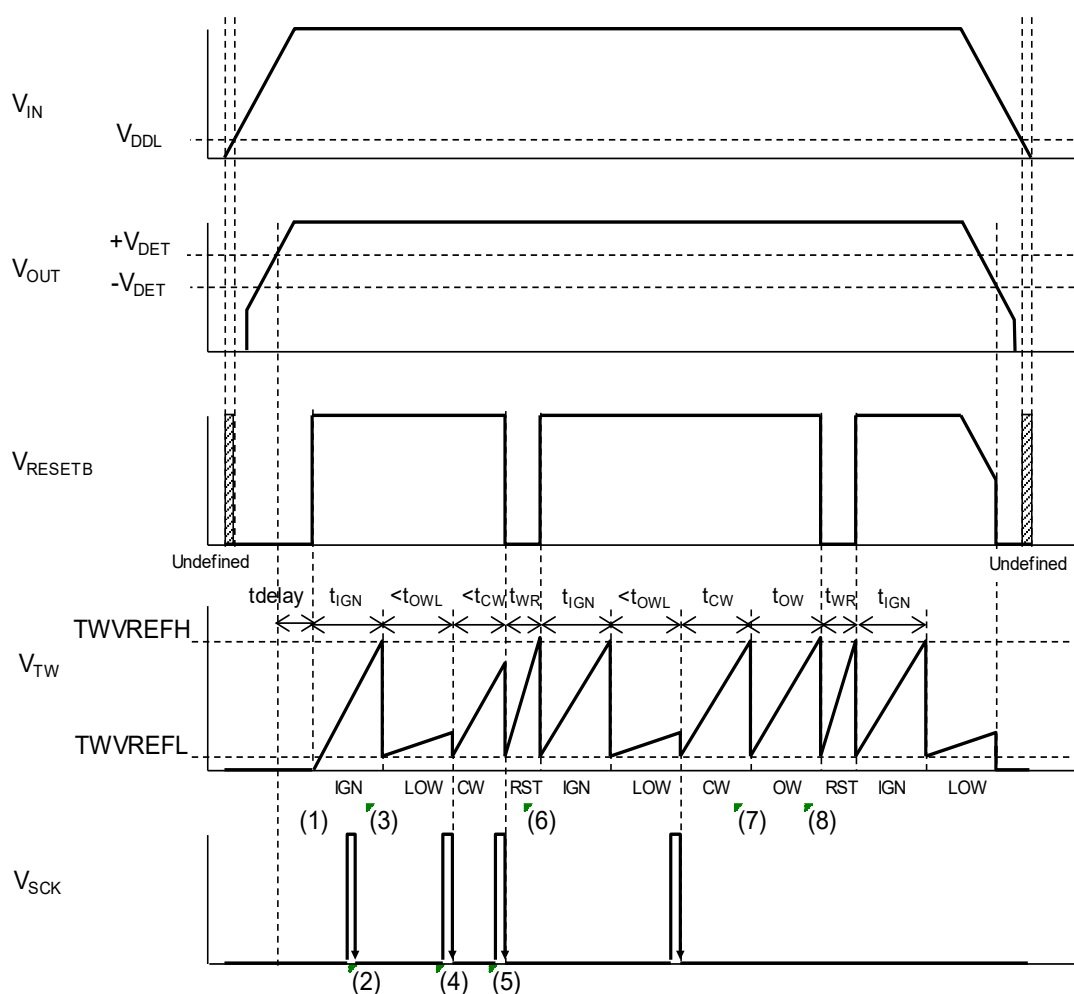
## R5110Sxx1A Watchdog Timer (Normal Type)



R5110Sxx1A WDT Timing Chart

- (1) When the  $V_{OUT}$  pin voltage ( $V_{OUT}$ ) becomes more than the release voltage ( $+V_{DET}$ ), the RESETB pin voltage ( $V_{RESETB}$ ) becomes "H" after the release output delay time ( $t_{delay}$ ) and the watchdog timer (WDT) starts monitoring a pulse. After that, the TW pin voltage ( $V_{TW}$ ) repeats charge and discharge. As a result, a sawtooth wave is generated. The WDT has three states: Ignoring, Reset, and Monitoring. In each state, the TW pin is charged from 0 V or TWVREFL (Typ.0.08 V).
- (2) After the WDT starts, the WDT is in an ignoring state until  $V_{TW}$  is charged up to TWVREFH (Typ.2 V). So, a pulse to the SCK pin is ignored during the ignoring state.
- (3) When charging  $V_{TW}$  up to TWVREFH has completed, the TW pin starts discharging and the WDT goes into a monitoring state.
- (4) When a pulse is not sent to the SCK pin before  $V_{TW}$  reaches TWVREFH during the monitoring state, the TW pin starts discharging and the WDT goes into a reset state. During the reset state,  $V_{RESETB}$  becomes "L".
- (5) When  $V_{TW}$  is charged up to TWVREFH during the reset state, the TW pin starts discharging and the WDT goes into the ignoring state.
- (6) When a pulse is sent to the SCK pin before  $V_{TW}$  reaches TWVREFH during the monitoring state, the TW pin start discharging and the WDT goes into the next open window state.

## R5110Sxx1B Watchdog Timer (Window Type)

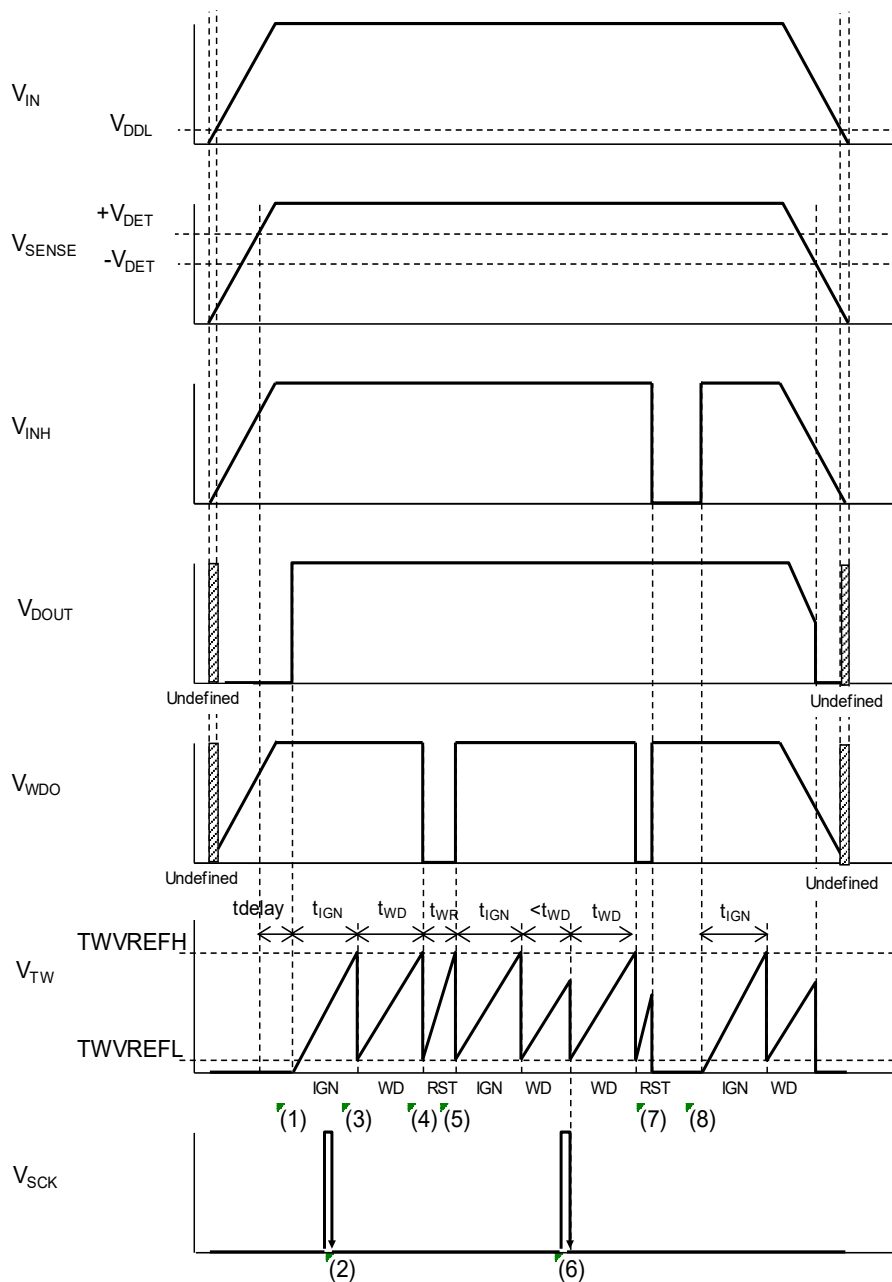


R5110Sxx1B WDT Timing Chart

- (1) When the  $V_{OUT}$  pin voltage ( $V_{OUT}$ ) becomes more than the release voltage ( $+V_{DET}$ ), the  $RESETB$  pin voltage ( $V_{RESETB}$ ) becomes “H” after the release output delay time ( $t_{delay}$ ) and the watchdog timer (WDT) starts monitoring a pulse. After that, the  $TW$  pin voltage ( $V_{TW}$ ) repeats charge and discharge. As a result, a sawtooth wave is generated. The WDT has four states: Ignoring, Reset, Open Window, and Closed Window. In each state, the  $TW$  pin is charged from 0 V or  $TWVREFL$  (Typ.0.08 V).
- (2) After WDT starts, the WDT is in an ignoring state until  $V_{TW}$  is charged up to  $TWVREFH$  (Typ.2 V). So, a pulse to the  $SCK$  pin is ignored during the ignoring state.
- (3) When  $V_{TW}$  is charged up to  $TWVREFH$  during the ignoring state, the  $TW$  pin starts discharging and the WDT goes into an open window state. This open window state is four times longer than the normal open window state.
- (4) When a pulse is sent to the  $SCK$  pin before  $V_{TW}$  reaches  $TWVREFH$  during the open window state, the  $TW$  pin starts discharging and the WDT goes into a closed window state.
- (5) When a pulse is sent to the  $SCK$  pin before  $V_{TW}$  reaches  $TWVREF$  during the closed window state, the  $TW$  pin starts discharging and the WDT goes into a reset state. During the reset state,  $V_{RESETB}$  becomes “L”.

- (6) When  $V_{TW}$  reaches  $TWVREFH$  during the reset state, the TW pin starts discharging and the WDT goes into the ignoring state.
- (7) When a pulse is not sent to the SCK pin before  $V_{TW}$  reaches  $TWVREFH$  during the closed window state, the TW pin starts discharging and the WDT goes into the open window state.
- (8) When a pulse is not sent to the SCK pin before  $V_{TW}$  reaches  $TWVREFH$  during the open window state, the TW pin starts discharging and the WDT goes into the reset state.

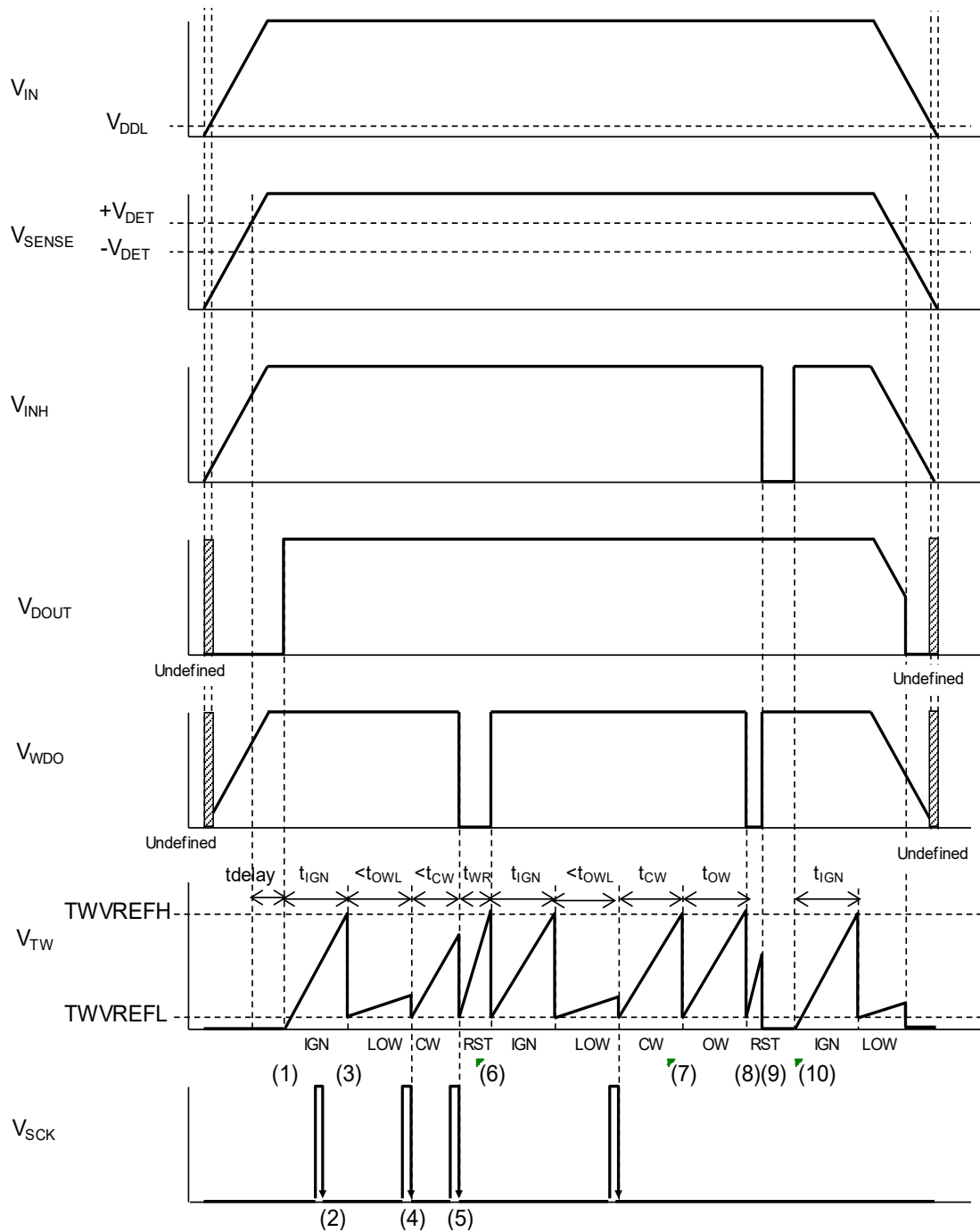
**R5110xxx2C Watchdog Timer (Normal Type)**



**R5110xxx2C WDT Timing Chart**

- (1) When the SENSE pin voltage ( $V_{\text{SENSE}}$ ) becomes more than the release voltage ( $+V_{\text{DET}}$ ), the  $D_{\text{OUT}}$  pin voltage ( $V_{\text{DOUT}}$ ) becomes “H” after the release output delay time ( $t_{\text{delay}}$ ) and the watchdog timer (WDT) starts monitoring a pulse. After that, the TW pin voltage ( $V_{\text{TW}}$ ) repeats charge and discharge. As a result, a sawtooth wave is generated. The WDT has three states: Ignoring, Reset, and Monitoring. In each state, the TW pin is charged from 0 V or  $TWV_{\text{REFL}}$  (Typ.0.08 V).
- (2) After the WDT starts, the WDT is in an ignoring state until  $V_{\text{TW}}$  is charged up to  $TWV_{\text{REFH}}$ . So, a pulse to the SCK pin is ignored during the ignoring state.
- (3) When  $V_{\text{TW}}$  is charged up to  $TWV_{\text{REFH}}$  during the ignoring state, the TW pin starts discharging and the WDT goes into a monitoring state.
- (4) When a pulse is not sent to the SCK pin before  $V_{\text{TW}}$  reaches  $TWV_{\text{REFH}}$  during the monitoring state, the TW pin starts discharging and the WDT goes into a reset state. During the reset state, the  $WDO$  pin voltage ( $V_{\text{WDO}}$ ) becomes “L”.
- (5) When  $V_{\text{TW}}$  reaches  $TWV_{\text{REFH}}$  during the reset state, the TW pin starts discharging and the WDT goes into an ignoring state.
- (6) When a pulse is sent to the SCK pin before  $V_{\text{TW}}$  reaches  $TWV_{\text{REFH}}$  during the monitoring, the TW pin starts discharging and the WDT goes into the next monitoring state.
- (7) The WDT stops monitoring by setting the INH pin voltage ( $V_{\text{INH}}$ ) to “L”. Then,  $V_{\text{WDO}}$  is fixed to “H” and  $V_{\text{TW}}$  is fixed to “L”.
- (8) When changed  $V_{\text{INH}}$  from “L” to “H”, the WDT goes into the ignoring state and restarts monitoring.

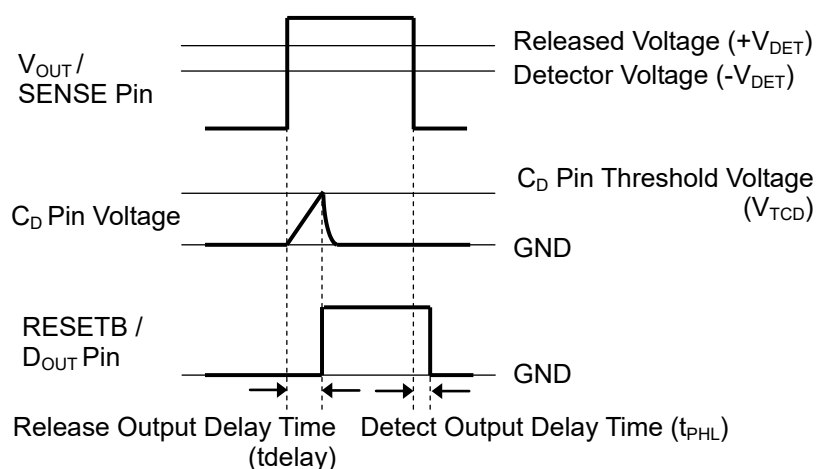
R5110xxx2D Watchdog Timer (Window Type)



R5110xxx2D WDT Timing Chart

- (1) When the SENSE pin voltage ( $V_{\text{SENSE}}$ ) becomes more than the release voltage ( $+V_{\text{DET}}$ ), the D<sub>OUT</sub> pin voltage ( $V_{\text{DOUT}}$ ) becomes “H” after the release output delay time ( $t_{\text{delay}}$ ) and the watchdog timer (WDT) starts monitoring a pulse. After that, the TW pin voltage ( $V_{\text{TW}}$ ) repeats charge and discharge. As a result, a sawtooth wave is generated. The WDT has four states: Ignoring, Reset, Open Window, and Closed Window. In each state, the TW pin is charged from 0 V or  $TWV_{\text{REFL}}$  (Typ.0.08 V).
- (2) After WDT starts, the WDT is in an ignoring state until  $V_{\text{TW}}$  is charged up to  $TWV_{\text{REFH}}$ . So, a pulse to the SCK pin is ignored during the ignoring state.
- (3) When  $V_{\text{TW}}$  is charged up to  $TWV_{\text{REFH}}$  during the ignoring state, the TW pin starts discharging and the WDT goes into an open window state. This open window state is four times longer than the normal open window state.
- (4) When a pulse is sent to the SCK pin before  $V_{\text{TW}}$  reaches  $TWV_{\text{REFH}}$  during the open window state, the TW pin starts discharging and the WDT goes into a closed window state.
- (5) When a pulse is sent to the SCK pin before  $V_{\text{TW}}$  reaches  $TWV_{\text{REFH}}$  during the close window state, the TW pin starts discharging and the WDT goes into a reset state. During the reset state,  $V_{\text{DOUT}}$  becomes “L”.
- (6) When  $V_{\text{TW}}$  reaches  $TWV_{\text{REFH}}$  during the reset state, the TW pin starts discharging and the WDT goes into an ignoring state.
- (7) When a pulse is not sent to the SCK pin before  $V_{\text{TW}}$  reaches  $TWV_{\text{REFH}}$  during a closed window state, the TW pin starts discharging and the WDT goes into an open window state.
- (8) When a pulse is not sent to the SCK pin before  $V_{\text{TW}}$  reaches  $TWV_{\text{REFH}}$  during the open window state, the TW pin starts discharging and the WDT goes into a reset state.
- (9) The WDT stops monitoring by setting the INH pin voltage ( $V_{\text{INH}}$ ) to “L”. Then,  $V_{\text{WDO}}$  is fixed to “H” and  $V_{\text{TW}}$  is fixed to “L”.
- (10) When changed  $V_{\text{INH}}$  from “L” to “H”. the WDT goes into the ignoring state and restarts monitoring.

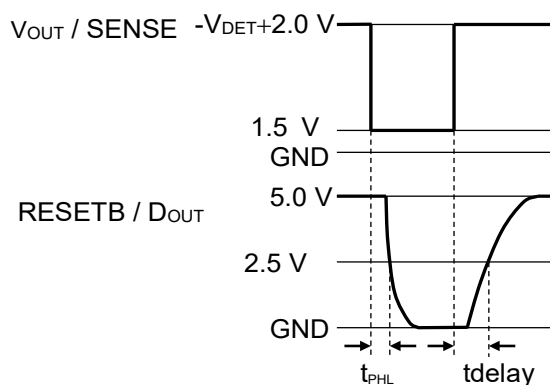
## Delay Operation and Released Output Delay Time ( $t_{\text{delay}}$ )



**Released Output Delay Timing Diagram**

When the operating voltage higher than the released voltage is applied to  $V_{\text{OUT}}$  pin (R5110Sxx1A/R5110Sxx1B) or SENSE pin (R5110xxx2C/R5110xxx2D), charge to an external capacitor starts, then  $C_{\text{D}}$  pin voltage ( $V_{\text{CD}}$ ) increases.  $\text{RESETB}$  pin (R5110Sxx1A/R5110Sxx1B) or  $\text{D}_{\text{OUT}}$  pin (R5110xxx2C/R5110xxx2D) maintains the released output until  $V_{\text{CD}}$  reaches the threshold voltage of the release output delay pin ( $V_{\text{TCD}}$ ). And when  $V_{\text{CD}}$  is over  $V_{\text{TCD}}$ ,  $\text{RESETB}$  pin or  $\text{D}_{\text{OUT}}$  pin is inverted from "L" to "H". That is, the charged external capacitor starts discharging.

When the operating voltage lower than the detector threshold is applied to  $V_{\text{DD}}$  pin, the detect output delay time, which is the time until the output voltage is inverted from "H" to "L", remains constant independent of the external capacitor.



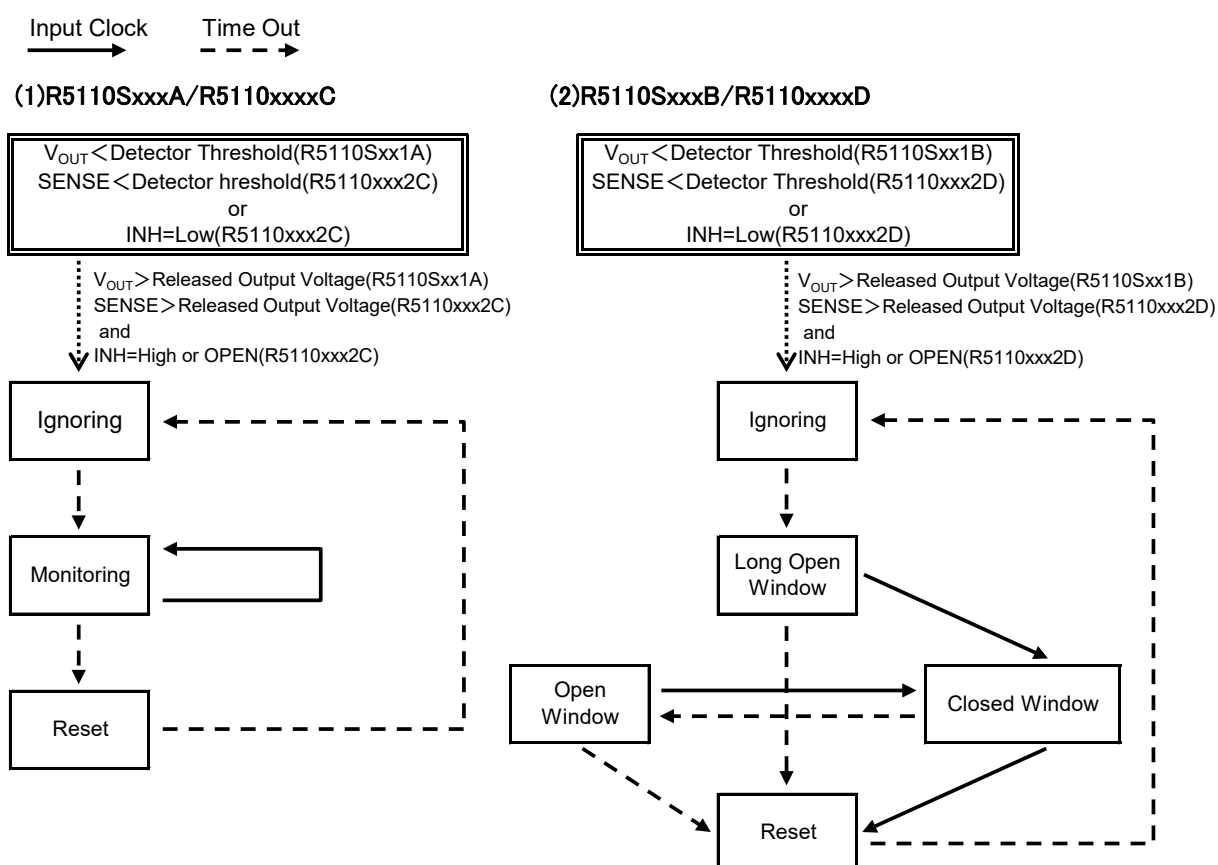
**Released Output Delay Time**

Released Output Delay Time ( $t_{\text{delay}}$ ) indicates the time between the instance when  $V_{\text{OUT}}$  pin (R5110Sxx1A / R5110Sxx1B) or SENSE pin (R5110xxx2C / R5110xxx2D) shifts from "1.5 V" to " $-V_{\text{DET}} + 2.0 \text{ V}$ " by the application of a pulse voltage and the instance when the output voltage reaches 2.5 V after pulled up  $\text{RESETB}$  pin (R5110Sxx1A / R5110Sxx1B) or  $\text{D}_{\text{OUT}}$  pin (R5110xxx2C/ R5110xxx2D) to 5.0 V with a resistor of 100 k $\Omega$ . This is given by the expression  $t_{\text{delay}} (\text{s}) = 1.1 \times C_{\text{D}} (\text{F}) / (1.0 \times 10^{-6})$ , where  $C_{\text{D}} (\text{F})$  represents capacitance of

the external capacitor.

If  $V_{OUT}$  / SENSE pin goes up at a mild pace of 0.1V/s or less, connect a capacitor of 100 pF or more to  $C_D$  pin.

## WDT State Transition Diagram



## Time Setting for Watchdog Timer

The following time of WDT is dependent on a capacitor connecting to the TW pin. Relationship between the value of capacitor and time can be expressed by the following equations.

$$T_{OW} (s) = 1.8 \times C(F) / (1.0 \times 10^{-6})$$

$$t_{CW} (s) = 1.8 \times C(F) / (1.0 \times 10^{-6})$$

$$t_{OWL} (s) = 1.8 \times C(F) / (0.25 \times 10^{-6})$$

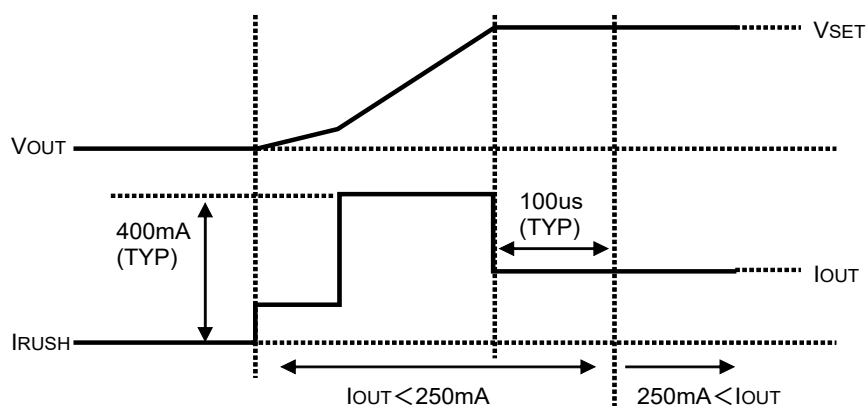
$$t_{IGN} (s) = 1.8 \times C(F) / (1.0 \times 10^{-6})$$

$$t_{WD} (s) = 1.8 \times C(F) / (1.0 \times 10^{-6})$$

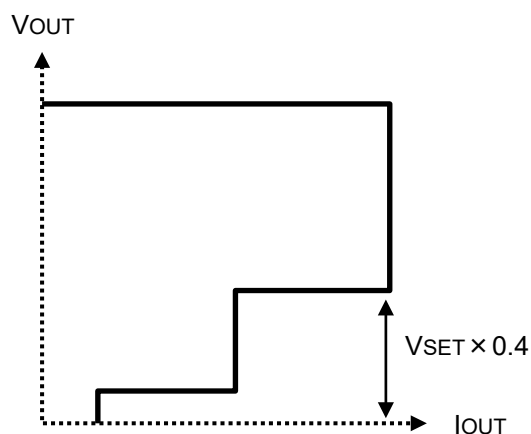
$$t_{WR} (s) = 1.9 \times C(F) / (2.0 \times 10^{-6})$$

### Inrush Current Prevention at Rising Characteristics

R5110x has the inrush current preventing circuit to control the inrush current within about 400mA limited. This circuit works during the rising periods. Therefore, the load current must be increased after rising up the output voltage (at typ.100  $\mu$ s after being out of the inrush current limited condition) by the sequence control. When the load current is increased during the rising periods, the inrush current must be controlled within 250 mA.



Likewise, on the thermal shutdown and the foldback characteristic, the inrush current preventing circuit works when the output voltage re-rises after the output voltage fall down to a guideline ( $V_{SET} \times 0.4$ ) or less.



## Standby Function

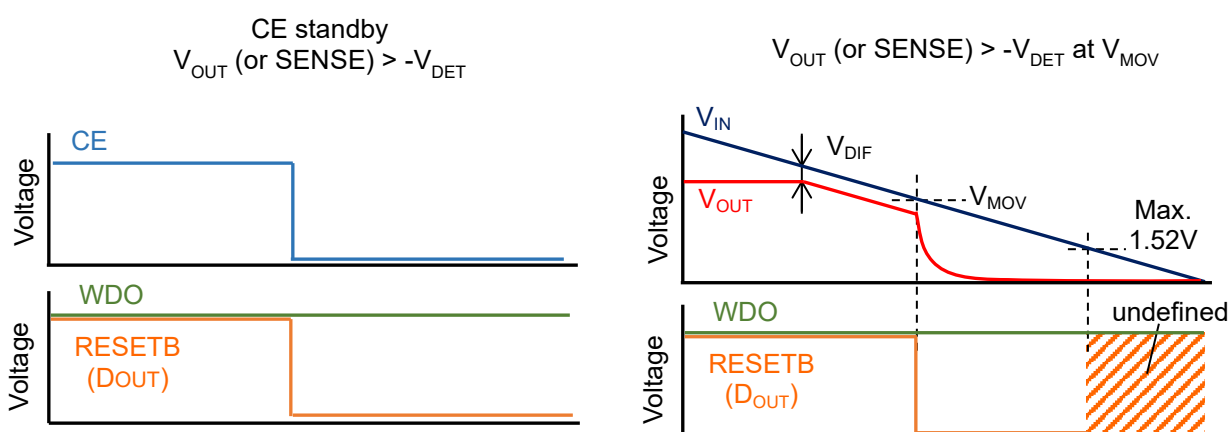
When CE turns to low, the R5110x goes into the standby mode. During this mode, the voltage regulator (VR) stops the output, the watchdog timer (WDT) stops the pulse monitoring, and the voltage detector (VD) stops the voltage monitoring.

Even if  $V_{IN} < 3.5$  V (Minimum Operating Voltage  $V_{MOV}$ ), VR stops the output, WDT stops the pulse monitoring, and VD stops the voltage monitoring. When CE = low or  $V_{IN} < 3.5$  V (Minimum Operating Voltage), the output of WDT and VD become as follows regardless of SENSE voltage.

R5110Sxx1A/ R5110Sxx1B: The RESETB output is fixed to "L".

R5110xxx2C/ R5110xxx2D: The D<sub>OUT</sub> is fixed to "L", and WDO output is fixed to the pull-up voltage.

When  $V_{IN}$  is under 1.52 V, values of RESETB output (R5110Sxx1A/ R5110Sxx1B) and D<sub>OUT</sub> output (R5110xxx2C/ R5110xxx2D) become indefinite, 0.1 V or more (pull-up voltage 5 V, pull-up resistance 100 k $\Omega$ ).



## Voltage Setting (R5110Sxx1A / R5110Sxx1B)

VD detects the drop of the VR output voltage ( $V_{OUT}$ ). When the VD release voltage ( $+V_{DET}$ ) is set to a voltage above the VR output voltage, the reset signal of VD is not released even if VD monitors the VR output voltage returns to the normal value after detecting the drop of VR. To prevent this issue, the following condition is required between  $V_{OUT}$  and  $+V_{DET}$ .

$$(VR \text{ Set Output Voltage}) \times 0.985 - 30 \text{ mV} > (VD \text{ Set Detector Threshold}) \times 1.018 \times 1.030$$

When using a device with the above conditions of  $V_{OUT}$  and  $+V_{DET}$ , careful consideration must be given to the system operation before use.

**Manual Reset (MR) Function (R5110xxx2C, R5110xxx2D)**

Setting the MR pin to “L” forcefully sets D<sub>OUT</sub> to “L”. The maximum value of the delay time ( $t_{MR}$ ), which is until D<sub>OUT</sub> outputs “L”, is 1 $\mu$ s as an index of the performance. The MR pin is pulled-up by an internal resistor (Typ.110k $\Omega$ ). Current is passed to the MR pin when the voltage of MR > V<sub>DD</sub>. But, this current has no effect to the operation because the current is limited with a pull-up resistor.

When setting the MR pin from “L” to “H”, D<sub>OUT</sub> is changed from “L” to “H” after the released output delay time and the WDT starts from the ignoring state.

When the MR pin is “L”, the WDO pin outputs “H”.

**SENSE Function (R5110xxx2C, R5110xxx2D)**

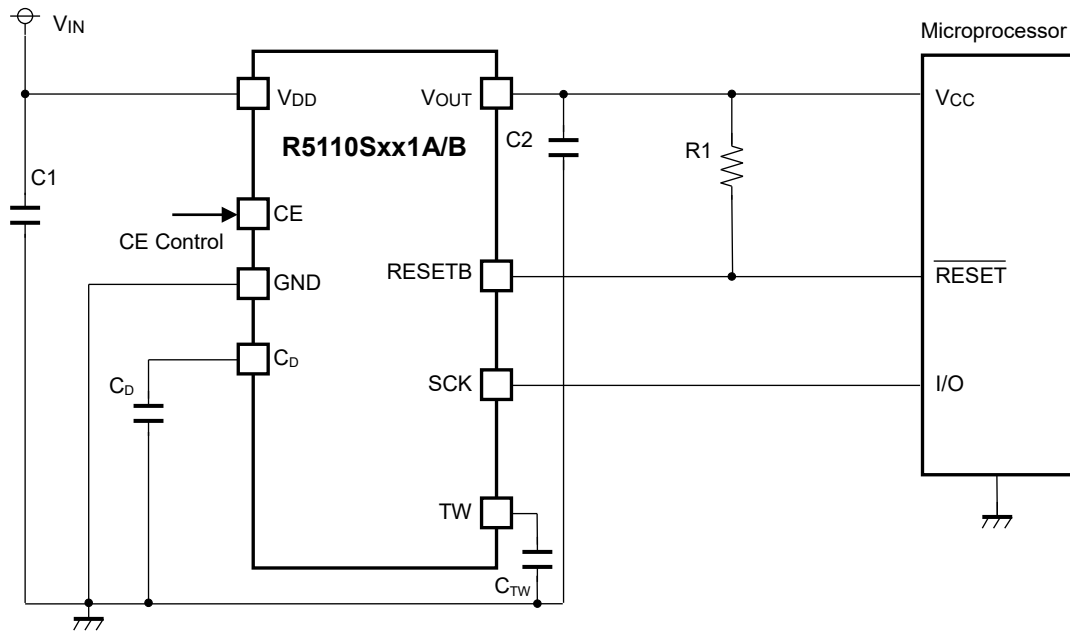
The internal voltage detector monitors the input voltage to the SENSE pin. To measure the proper detector threshold, setting of V<sub>IN</sub>  $\geq$  3.5 V is required.

**Inhibition (INH) Function (R5110xxx2C, R5110xxx2D)**

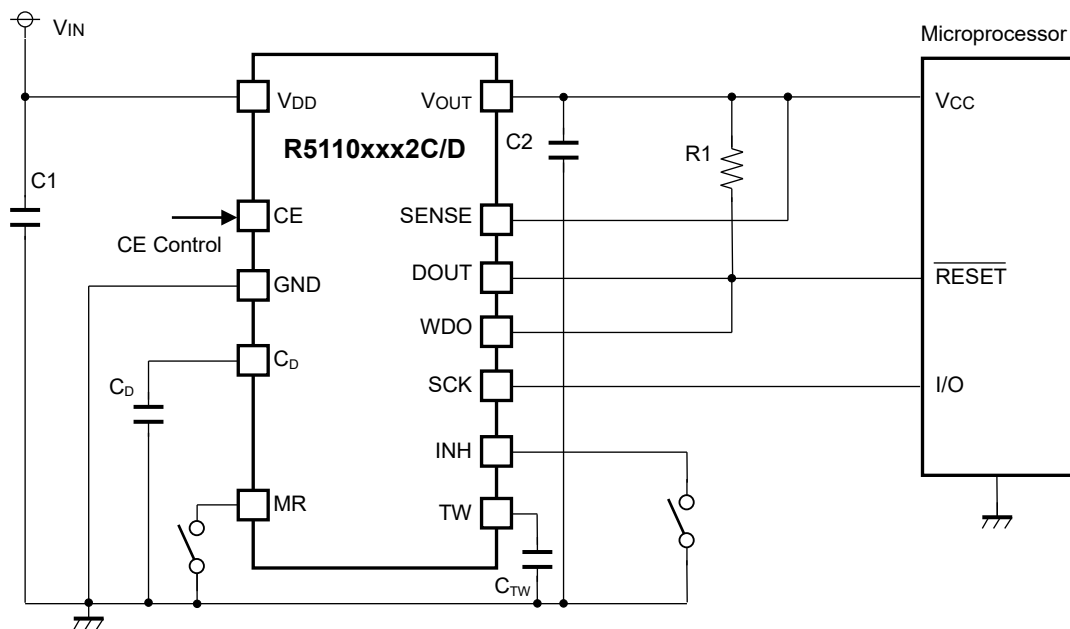
Setting the INH pin to “L” stops the WDT pulse monitoring function and the WDO pin is fixed to “H”. The INH pin is pulled up with an internal resistor (Typ.110 k $\Omega$ ).

## APPLICATION INFORMATION

### Typical Application Circuits



R5110Sxx1A/B Typical Application



R5110xxx2C/D Typical Application

## External Components

Symbol	Description
C1 (C <sub>IN</sub> )	0.1 $\mu$ F, Ceramic Capacitor
C2 (C <sub>OUT</sub> )	0.1 $\mu$ F, Ceramic Capacitor
C <sub>TW</sub>	A capacitor corresponding to time setting for Watchdog Timer is required. Refer to “ <i>Time Setting for WDT</i> ” in Operation Description for details.
C <sub>D</sub>	A capacitor corresponding to setting for Release Output Delay Time is required. Refer to “ <i>Delay Operation and Release Output Delay Time (t<sub>delay</sub>)</i> ” in Operation Description for details.
R1	A resistor is required to set with consideration of the output current and the leakage current. Refer to “ <i>Electrical Characteristic</i> ” for details.

## TECHNICAL NOTES

### Phase Compensation

In the ICS, phase compensation is made for securing stable operation even if the load current is varied. For this purpose, use a capacitor C2 with 0.1  $\mu$ F or more.

If a tantalum capacitor is used, and its ESR (Equivalent Series Resistance) of C2 is large, the loop oscillation may result. Because of this, select C2 carefully considering its frequency characteristics.

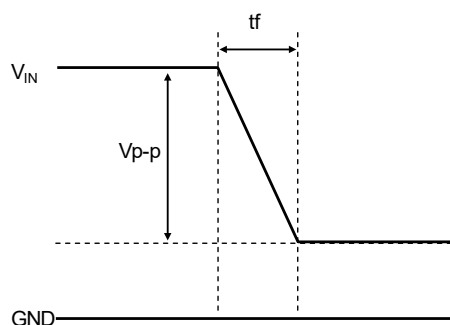
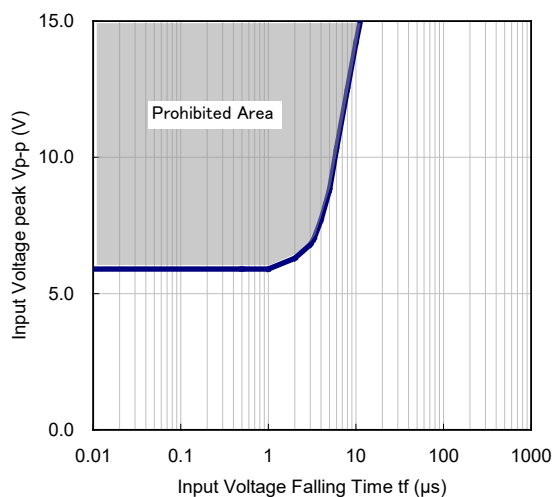
### PCB Layout

Make V<sub>DD</sub> and GND lines sufficient. If their impedance is too high, noise pickup or unstable operation may result. Connect 0.1  $\mu$ F or more of the capacitor C1 between the V<sub>DD</sub> and GND, and as close as possible to the pins.

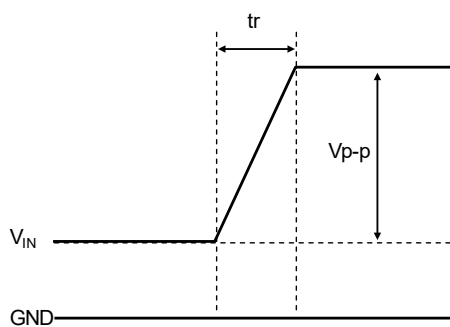
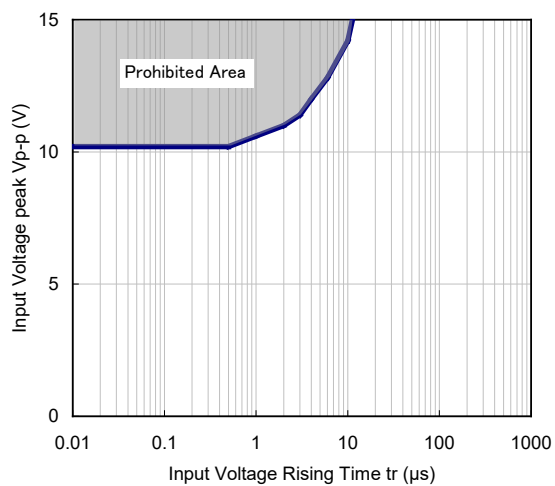
In addition, connect the capacitor C2 between V<sub>OUT</sub> and GND, and as close as possible to the pins.

## Prohibited Area for Fluctuations in Input Voltage

Please take note that miss-detection or miss-release might be invited when changing an input voltage abruptly in the following prohibited area.

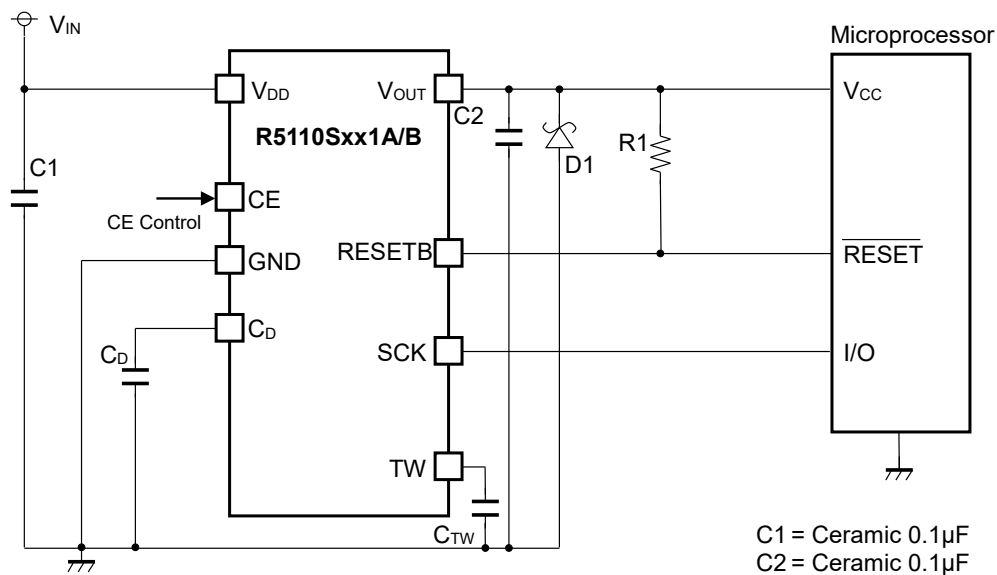


**Prohibited Area of Fluctuation at Falling of  $V_{IN}$**



**Prohibited Area of Fluctuation at Rising of  $V_{IN}$**

## Typical Application for IC Chip Breakdown Prevention



**R5110Sxxxx Typical Application**

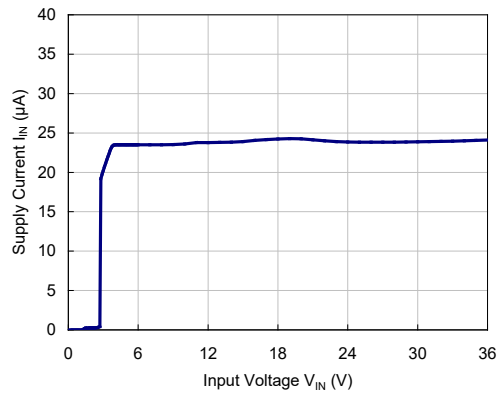
When a sudden surge of electrical current travels along the VOUT pin and GND due to a short-circuit, electrical resonance of a circuit involving an output capacitor (C2) and a short circuit inductor generates a negative voltage and may damage the device or the load devices. Connecting a schottky diode (D1) between the VOUT pin and GND has the effect of preventing damage to them.

## TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

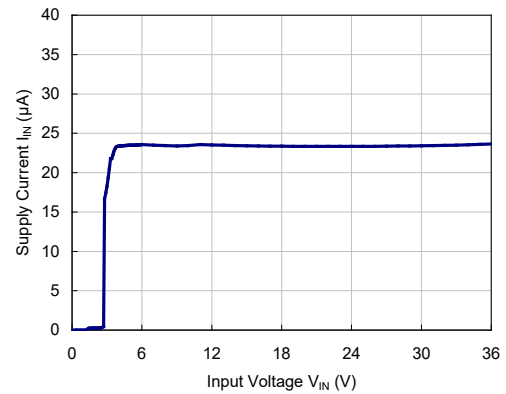
Note: Typical Characteristics are intended to be used as reference data; they are not guaranteed.

### 1) Power Consumption vs. Input Voltage ( $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$ )

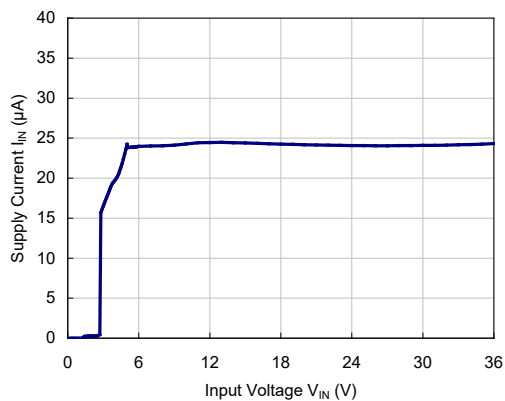
VR=1.8V



VR=3.3V

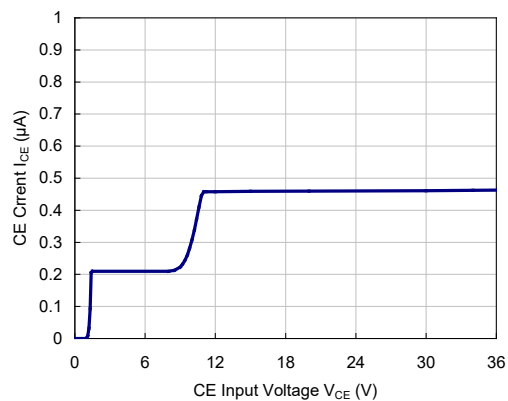


VR=5.0V

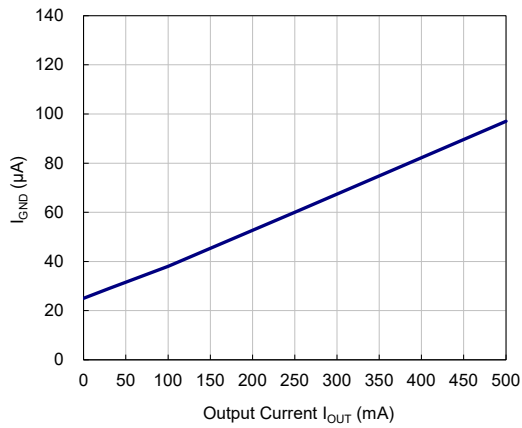


### 2) CE Pin Current vs. CE Pin Voltage ( $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , $V_{IN}=14\text{V}$ )

VR=5.0V

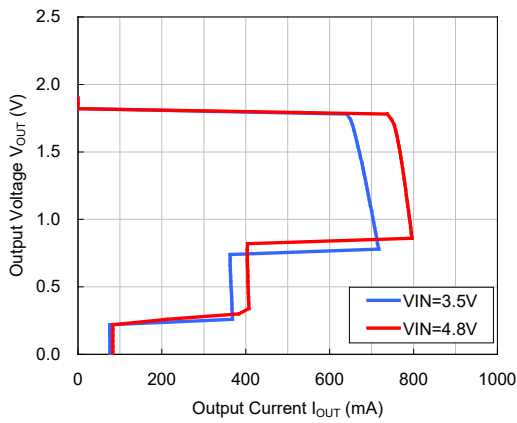


3) GND Pin Current vs. Output Current (Ta = 25°C)

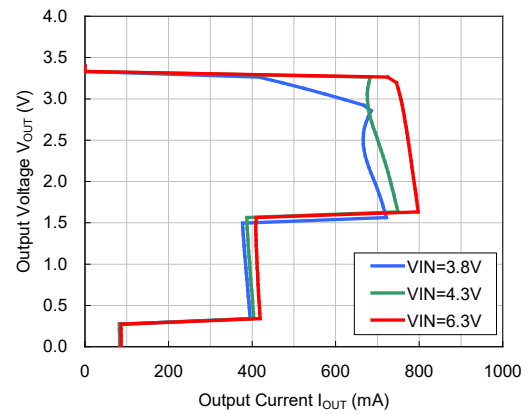


4) Output Voltage vs. Output Current (Ta = 25°C)

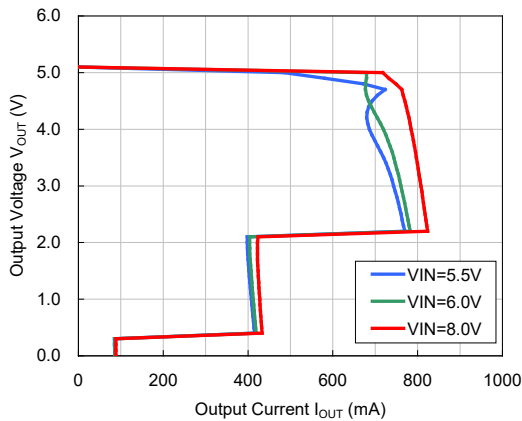
VR=1.8V



VR=3.3V

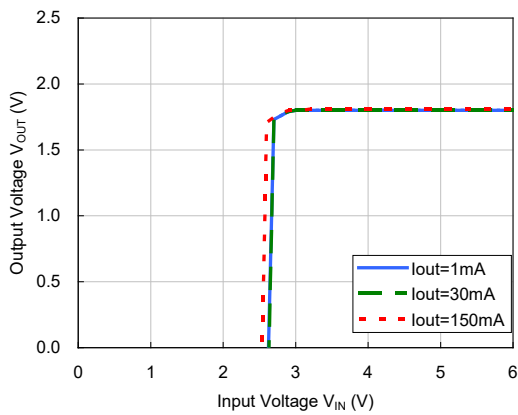


VR=5.0V

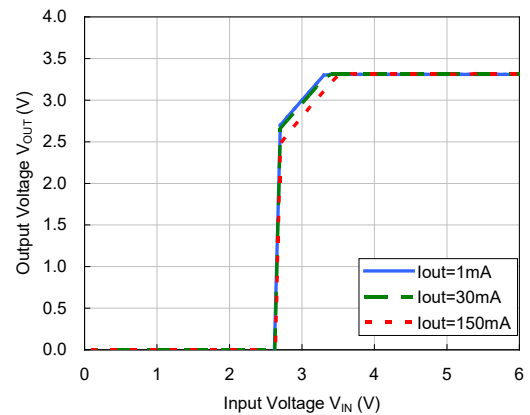


5) Output Voltage vs. Input Voltage ( $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$ )

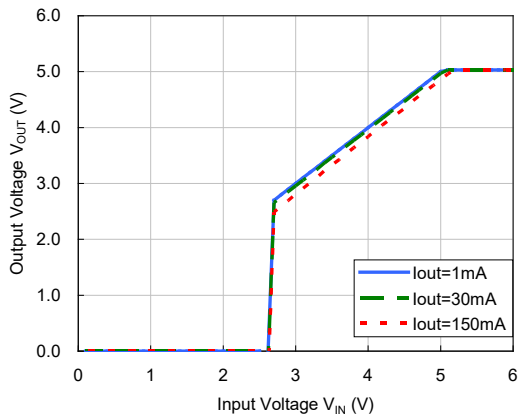
VR=1.8V



VR=3.3V

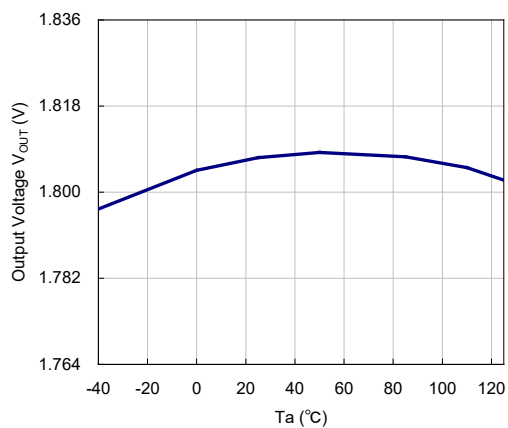


VR=5.0V

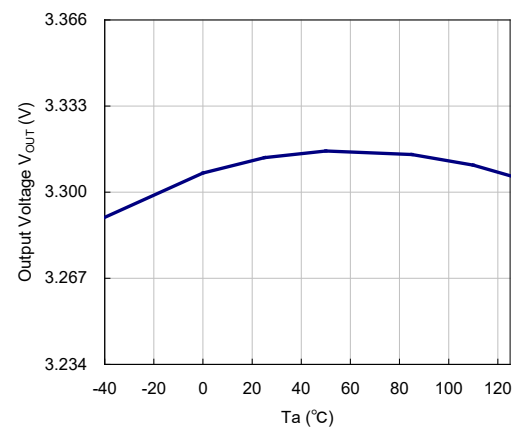


6) Output Voltage vs. Temperature ( $V_{IN}=14\text{V}$ ,  $I_{OUT}=1\text{mA}$ )

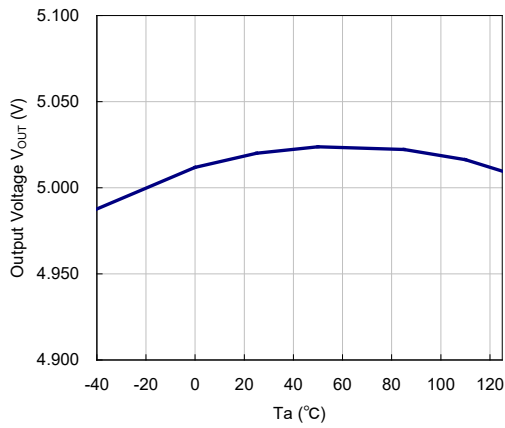
VR=1.8V



VR=3.3V

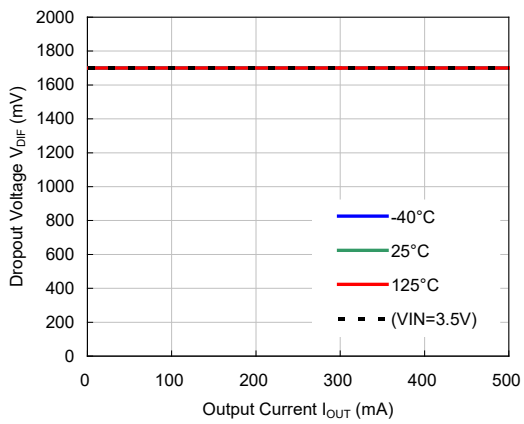


VR=5.0V

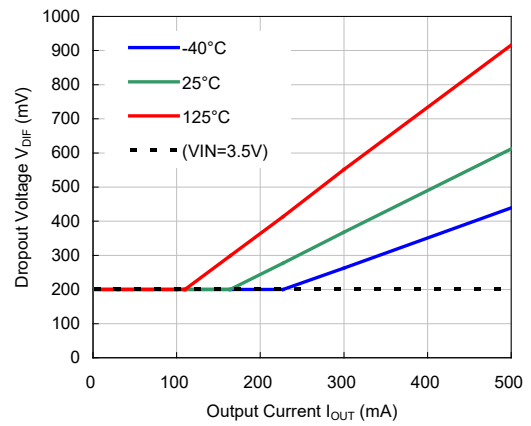


7) Dropout Voltage vs. Output Current

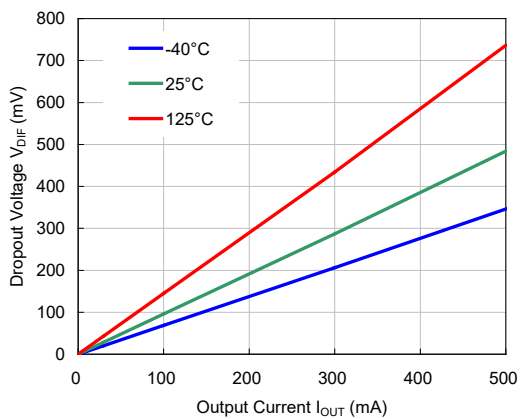
VR=1.8V



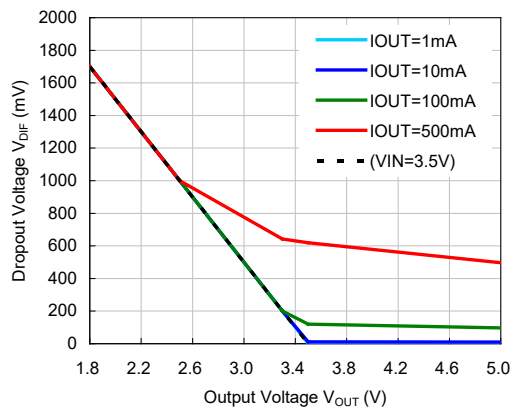
VR=3.3V



VR=5.0V

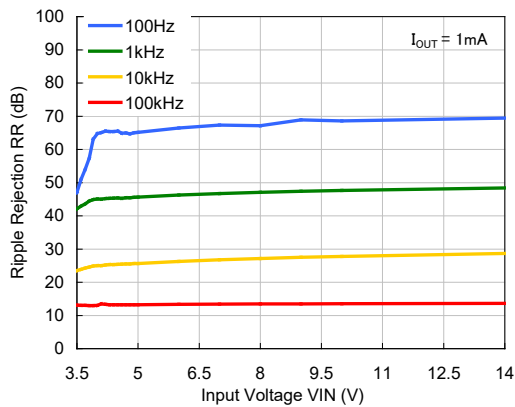


8) Dropout Voltage vs. Output Voltage (Ta=25°C)

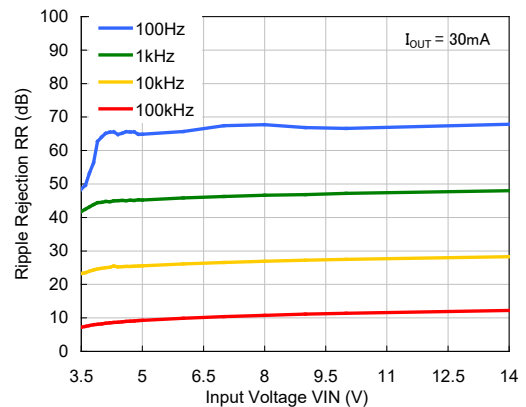


9) Ripple Rejection vs. Input Voltage (Ta=25°C, Ripple = 0.2 Vpp)

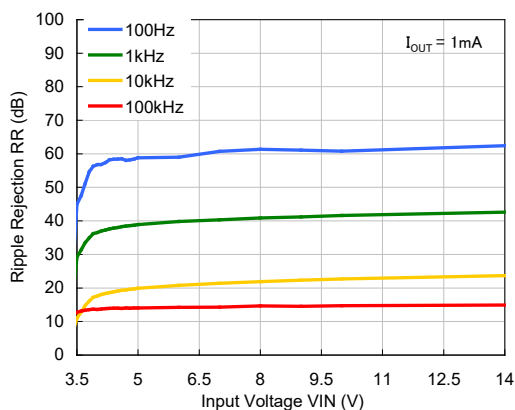
VR=1.8V,  $I_{OUT}=1\text{mA}$



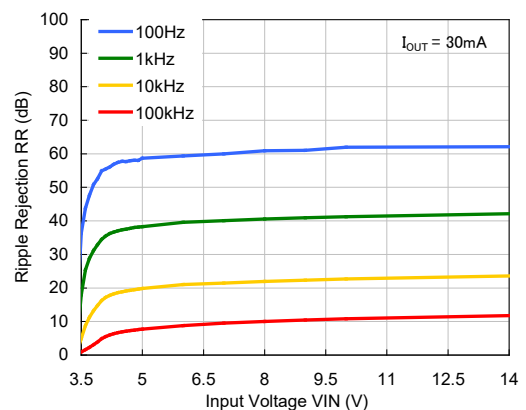
VR=1.8V,  $I_{OUT}=30\text{mA}$



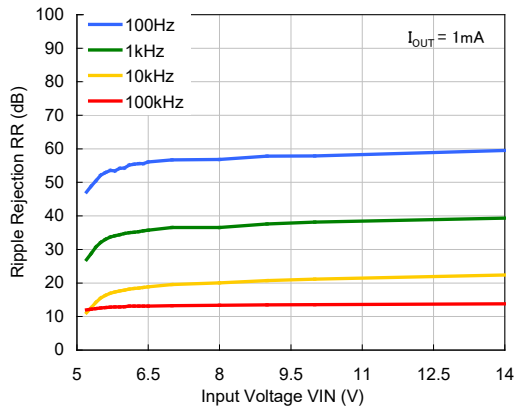
VR=3.3V,  $I_{OUT}=1\text{mA}$



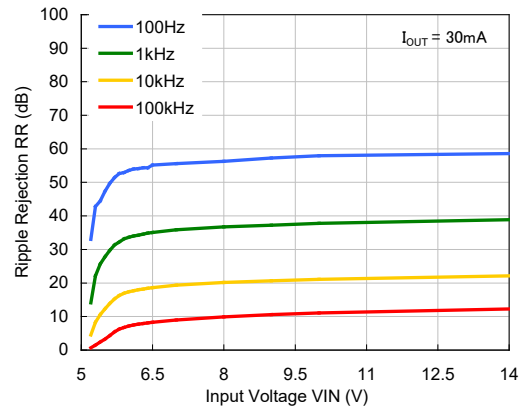
VR=3.3V,  $I_{OUT}=30\text{mA}$



VR=5.0V, I<sub>OUT</sub>=1mA

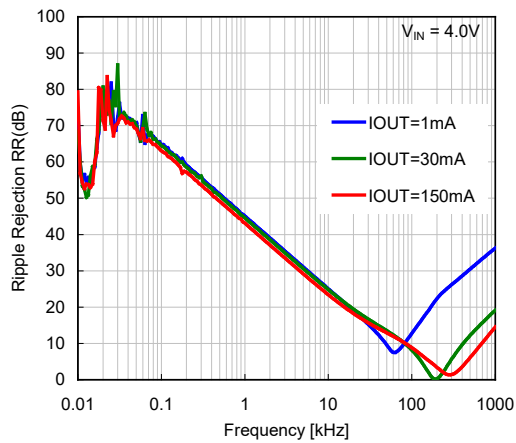


VR=5.0V, I<sub>OUT</sub>=30mA

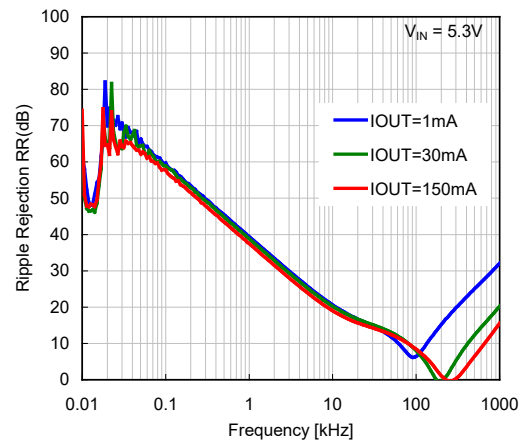


10) Ripple Rejection vs. Frequency (Ta=25°C, Ripple=0.2 Vpp)

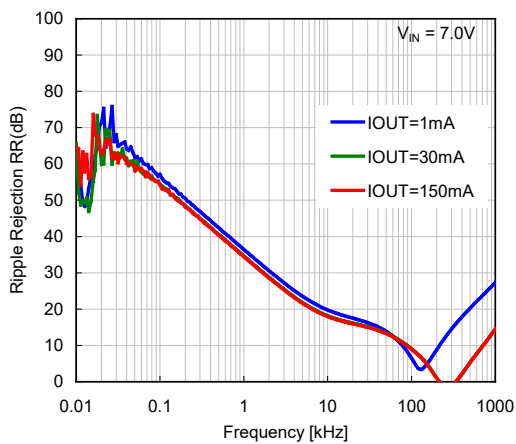
VR=1.8V

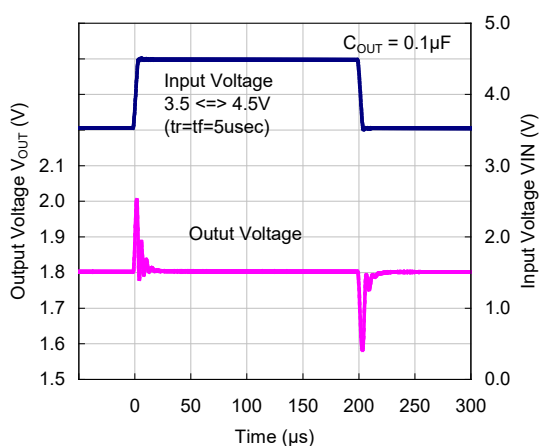
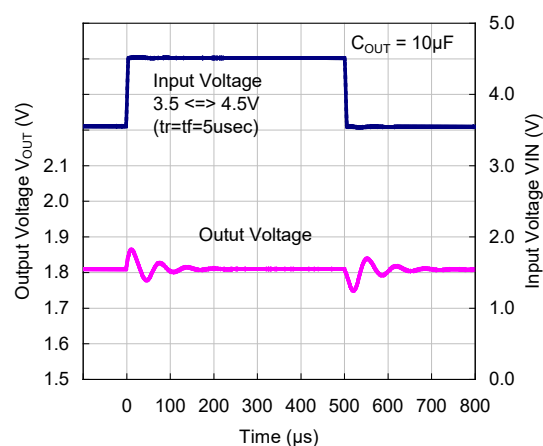
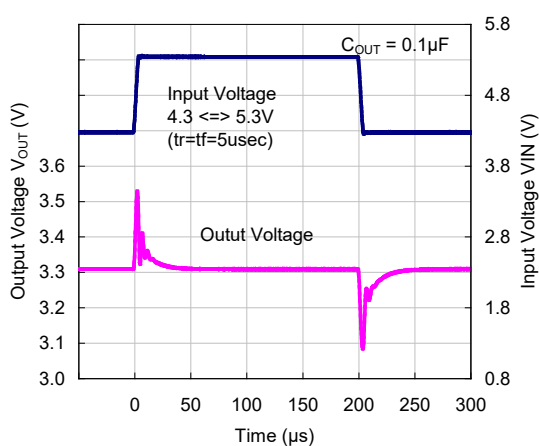
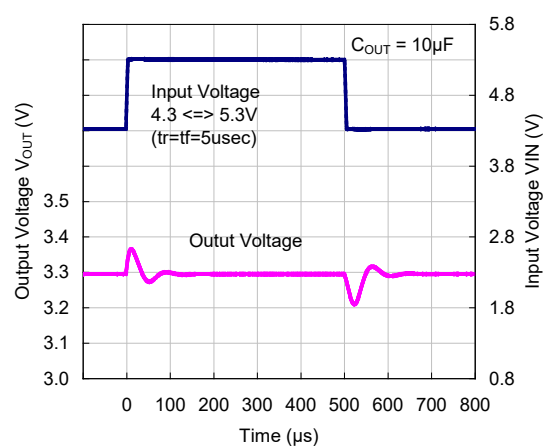
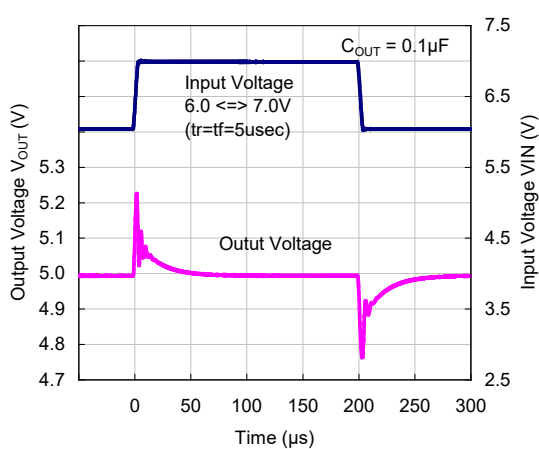
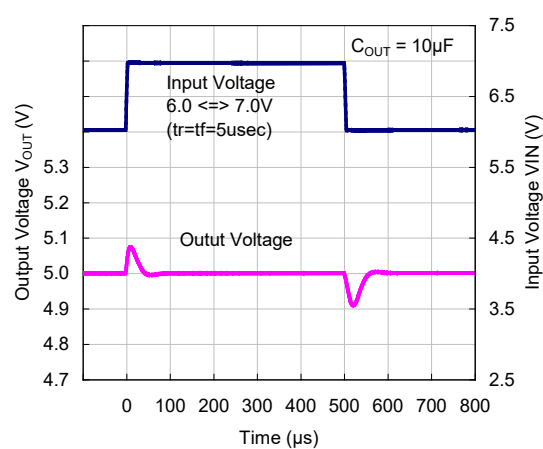


VR=3.3V



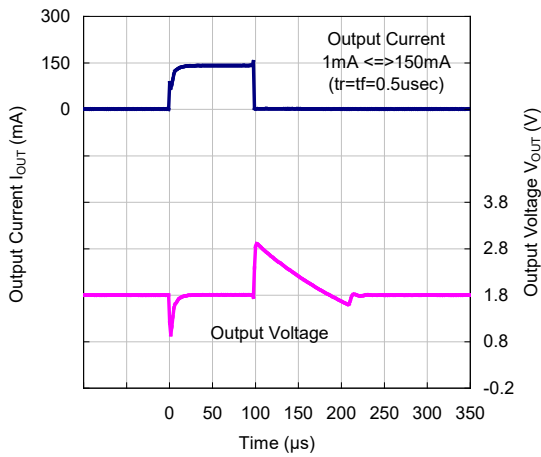
VR=5.0V



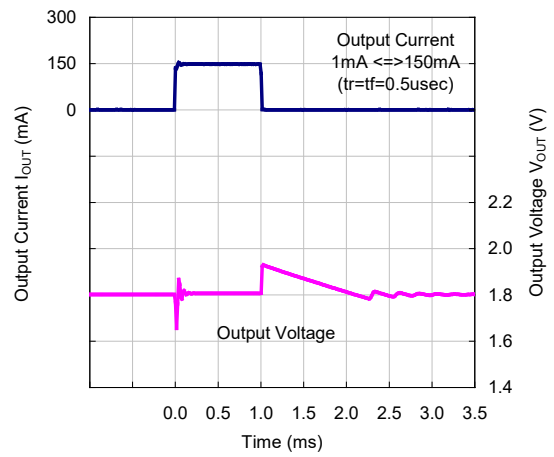
11) Input Transient Respon ( $T_a=25^\circ\text{C}$ )VR=1.8V,  $I_{OUT}=30\text{mA}$ ,  $C_{OUT}=0.1\mu\text{F}$ VR=1.8V,  $I_{OUT}=30\text{mA}$ ,  $C_{OUT}=10\mu\text{F}$ VR=3.3V,  $I_{OUT}=30\text{mA}$ ,  $C_{OUT}=0.1\mu\text{F}$ VR=3.3V,  $I_{OUT}=30\text{mA}$ ,  $C_{OUT}=10\mu\text{F}$ VR=5.0V,  $I_{OUT}=30\text{mA}$ ,  $C_{OUT}=0.1\mu\text{F}$ VR=5.0V,  $I_{OUT}=30\text{mA}$ ,  $C_{OUT}=10\mu\text{F}$ 

12) Load Transient Response (Ta=25°C)

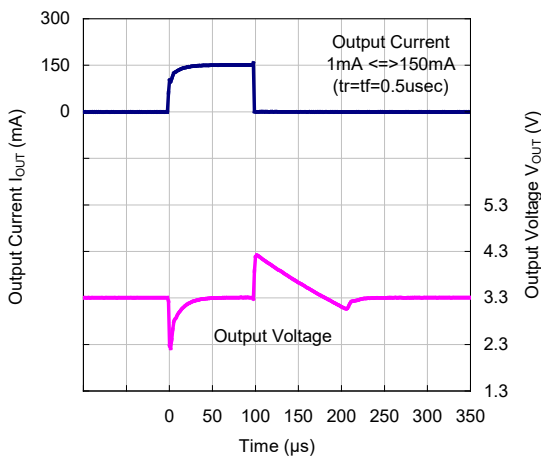
VR=1.8V, C<sub>OUT</sub>=0.1μF



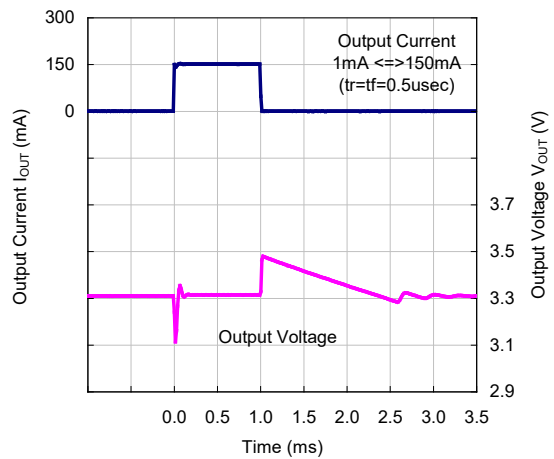
VR=1.8V, C<sub>OUT</sub>=10μF



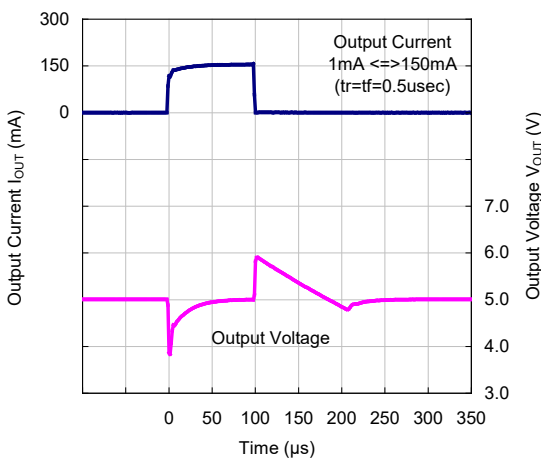
VR=3.3V, C<sub>OUT</sub>=0.1μF



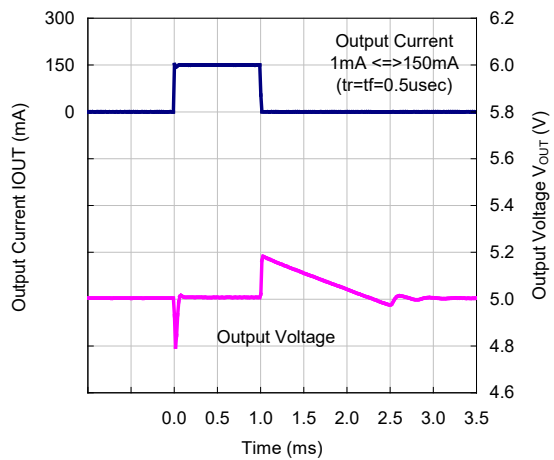
VR=3.3V, C<sub>OUT</sub>=10μF



VR=5.0V, C<sub>OUT</sub>=0.1μF

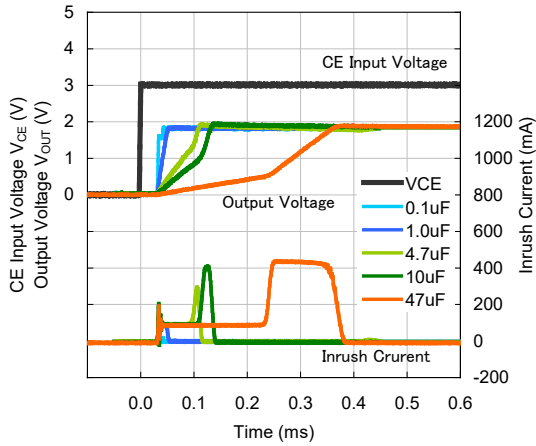


VR=5.0V, C<sub>OUT</sub>=10μF

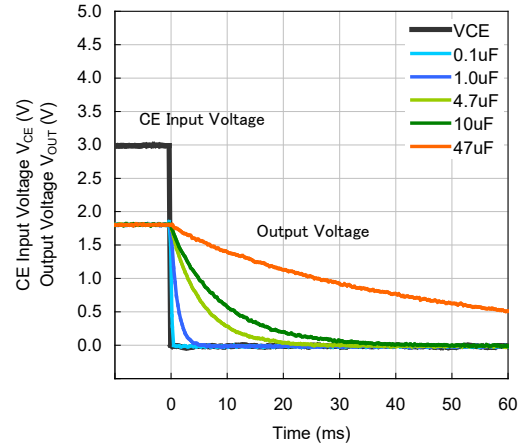


13) CE Transient Response ( $T_a=25^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{IN}=14\text{V}$ ,  $I_{OUT}=1\text{mA}$ ,  $C_{OUT}=0.1\mu\sim 47\mu\text{F}$ )

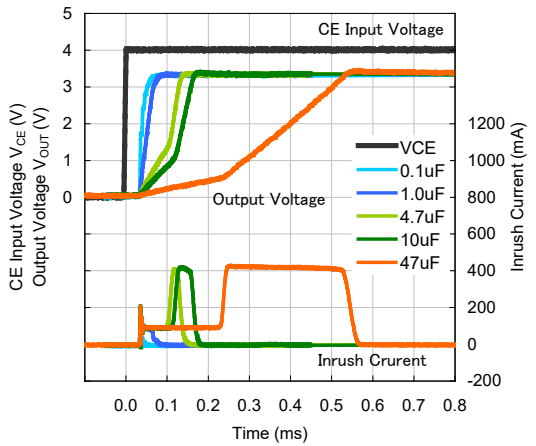
VR=1.8V, CE at rising



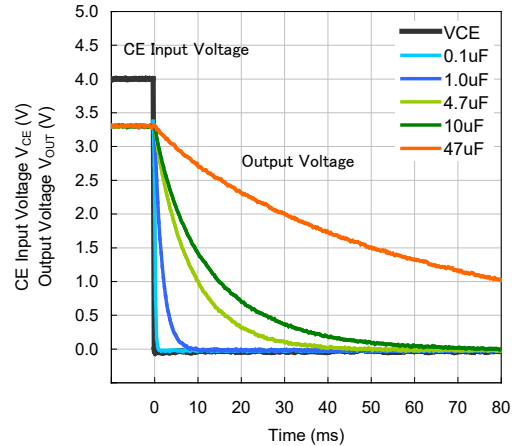
VR=1.8V, CE at falling



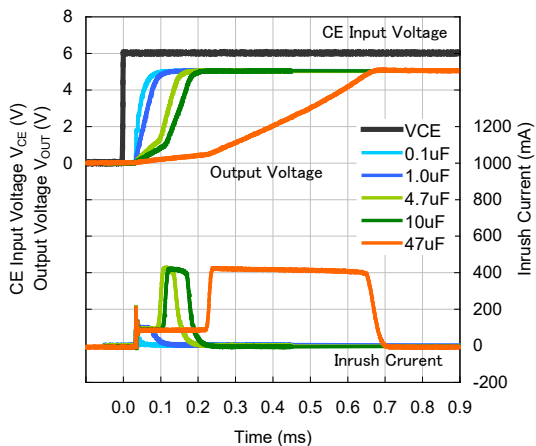
VR=3.3V, CE at rising



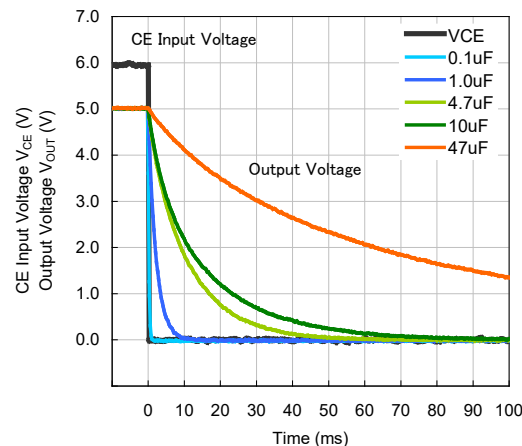
VR=3.3V, CE at falling



VR=5.0V, CE at rising

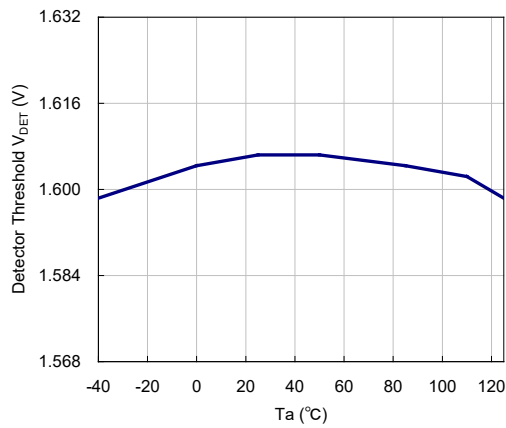


VR=5.0V, CE at falling

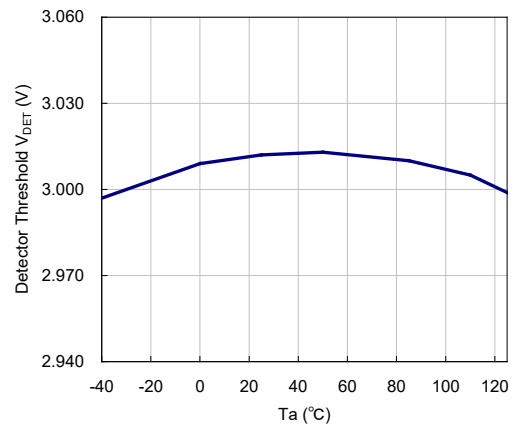


14) Detector Threshold vs. Temperature

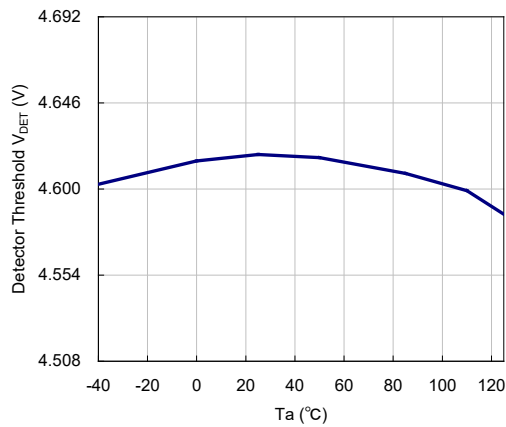
VD=1.6V



VD=3.0V

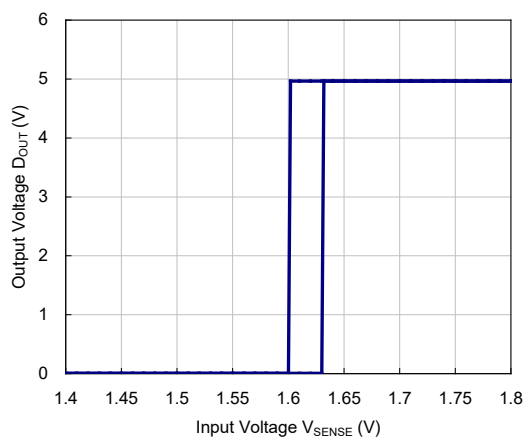


VD=4.6V

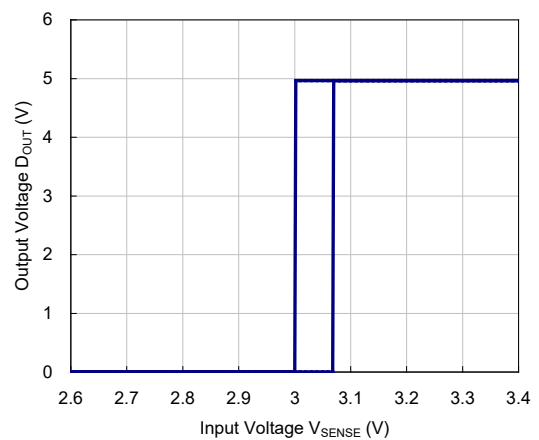


15) D<sub>OUT</sub> Pin Voltage vs. SENSE Pin Input Voltage (D<sub>OUT</sub> pulled-up to 5V with 100kΩ)

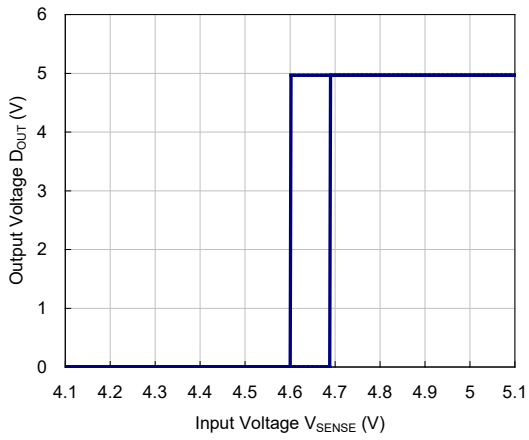
VD=1.6V



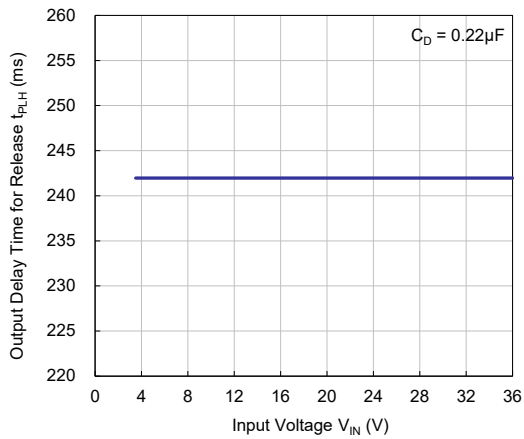
VD=3.0V



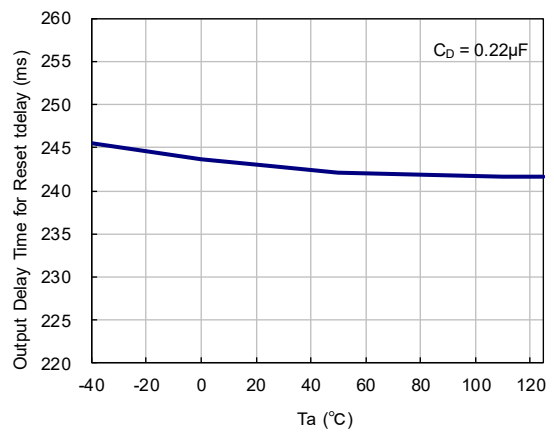
VD=4.6V



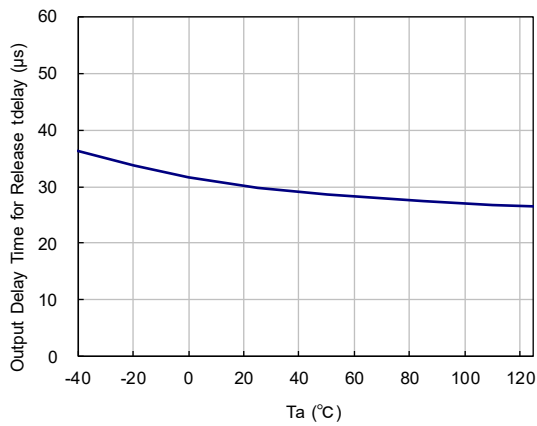
16) Release Output Delay Time vs. Input Voltage



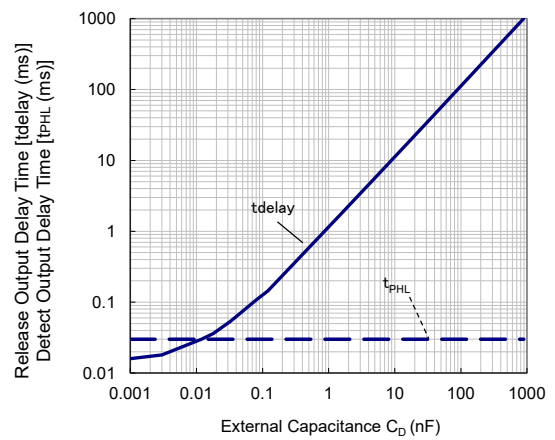
17) Release Output Delay Time vs. Temperature



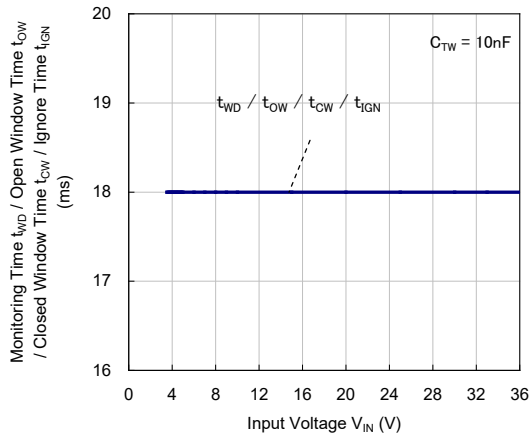
17) Detect Output Delay Time vs. Temperature



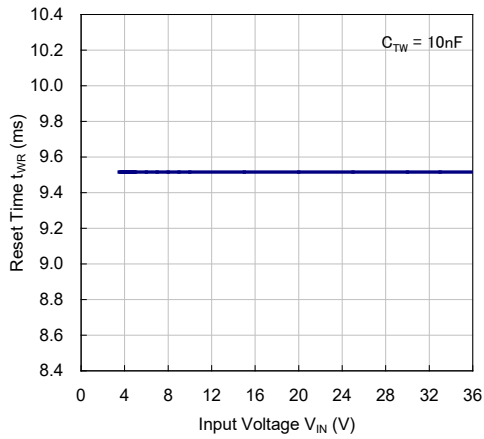
19) Release Output Delay Time and Detect Output Delay Time vs. External Capacitor for  $C_D$  Pin



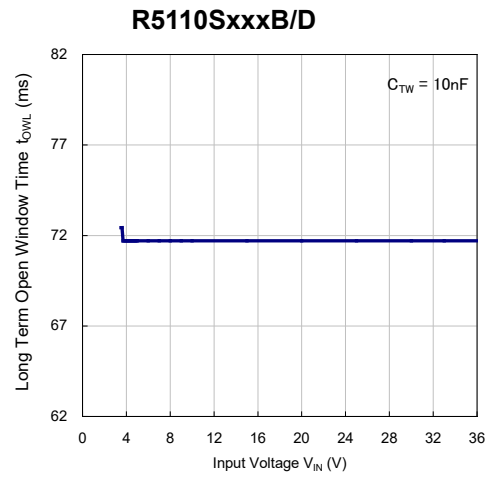
20) WDT  $t_{WD}$  /  $t_{OW}$  /  $t_{CW}$  /  $t_{IGN}$  vs. Input Voltage



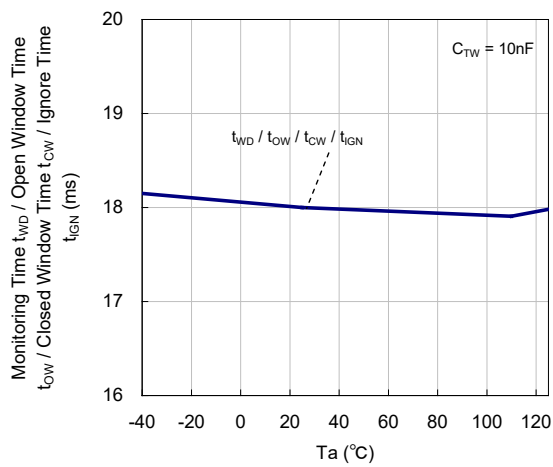
21) Reset Time vs. Input Voltage



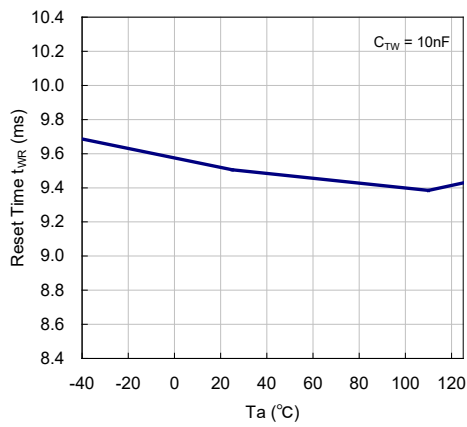
22) Long Open Window Time vs. Input Voltage



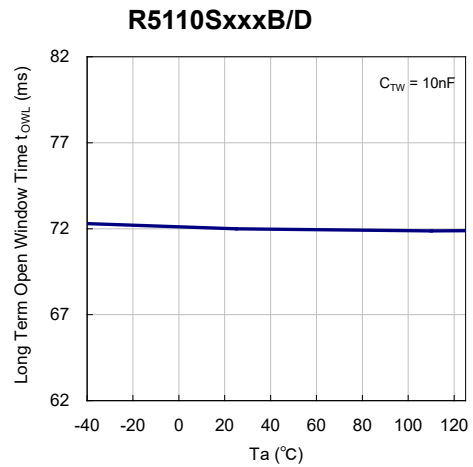
23) WDT  $t_{WD}$  /  $t_{OW}$  /  $t_{CW}$  /  $t_{IGN}$  vs. Temperature



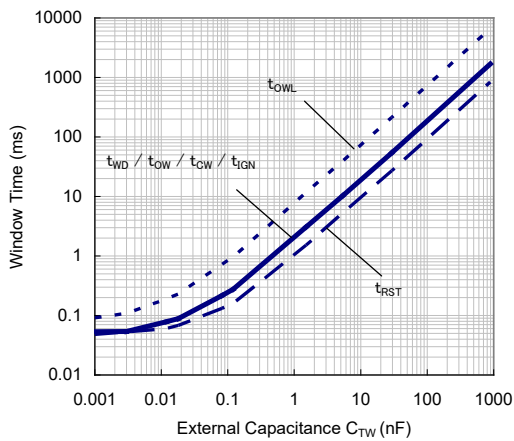
24) Reset Time vs. Temperature



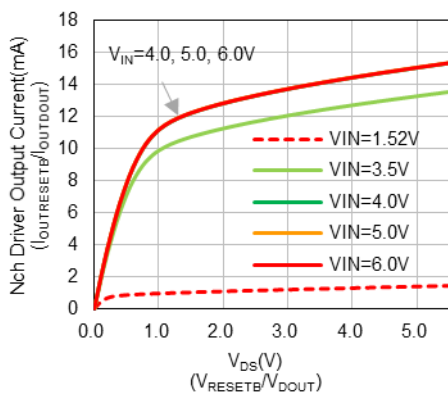
25) Long Open Window Time vs. Temperature



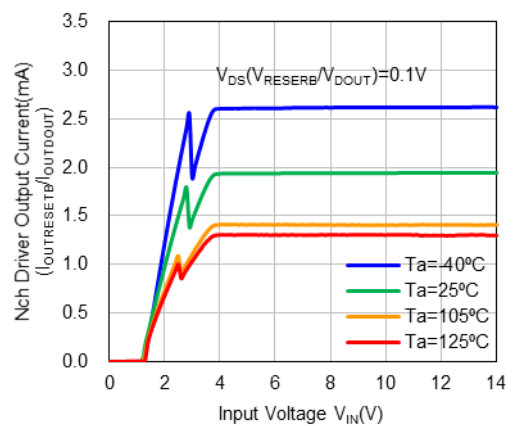
26) WDT tWD / tOW / tCW / tIGN / tOWL / tRST Vs. External Capacitor for C\_TW Pin



27) Nch. Driver Output Current vs. V\_DS

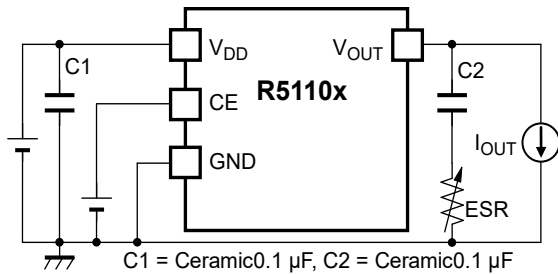


28) Nch. Driver Output Current vs. Input Voltage



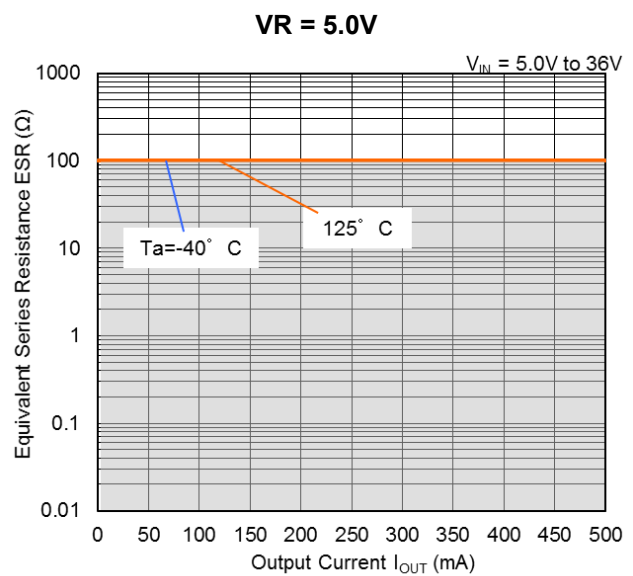
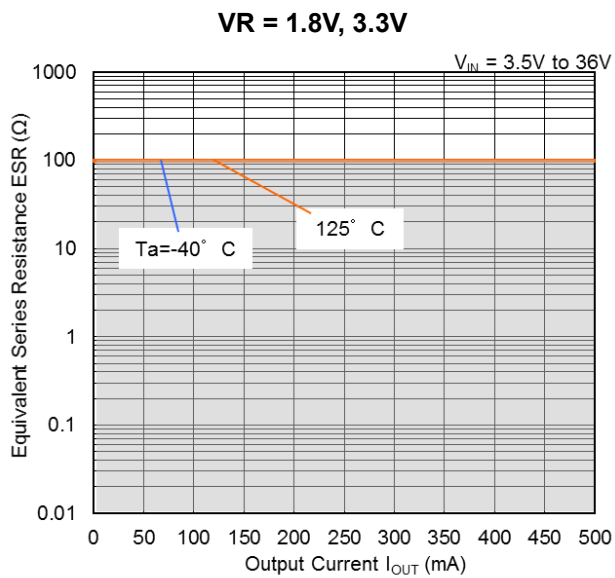
## ESR vs. Output Current

The IC is recommended to use a ceramic type capacitor, but the IC can be used other capacitors of the lower ESR type. The relation between the output current ( $I_{OUT}$ ) and the ESR of output capacitor is shown below.



### Measurement conditions:

- Frequency Band: 10 Hz to 2 MHz
- Measurement Temperature:  $-40^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $125^{\circ}\text{C}$
- Hatched area: Noise level is 40  $\mu\text{V}$  (average) or below
- Ceramic Capacitor: C1 = C2 = Ceramic 0.1  $\mu\text{F}$



The power dissipation of the package is dependent on PCB material, layout, and environmental conditions. The following measurement conditions are based on JEDEC STD. 51-7.

**Measurement Conditions**

Item	Measurement Conditions
Environment	Mounting on Board (Wind Velocity = 0 m/s)
Board Material	Glass Cloth Epoxy Plastic (Four-Layer Board)
Board Dimensions	76.2 mm × 114.3 mm × 0.8 mm
Copper Ratio	Outer Layer (First Layer): Less than 95% of 50 mm Square Inner Layers (Second and Third Layers): Approx. 100% of 50 mm Square Outer Layer (Fourth Layer): Approx. 100% of 50 mm Square
Through-holes	φ 0.3 mm × 21 pcs

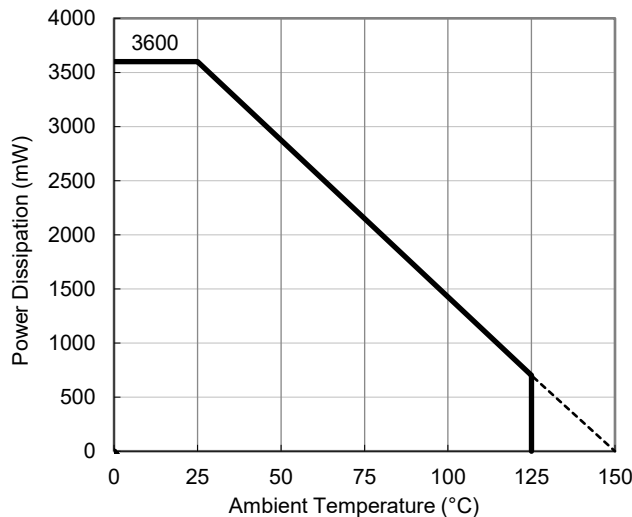
**Measurement Result**

(Ta = 25°C, Tjmax = 150°C)

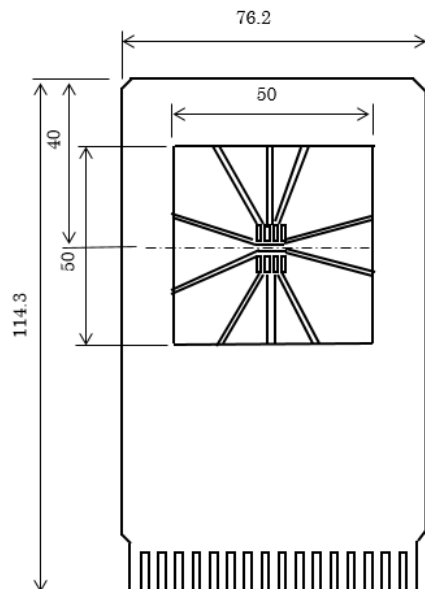
Item	Measurement Result
Power Dissipation	3600 mW
Thermal Resistance (θja)	θja = 34.5°C/W
Thermal Characterization Parameter (ψjt)	ψjt = 10°C/W

θja: Junction-to-Ambient Thermal Resistance

ψjt: Junction-to-Top Thermal Characterization Parameter



**Power Dissipation vs. Ambient Temperature**

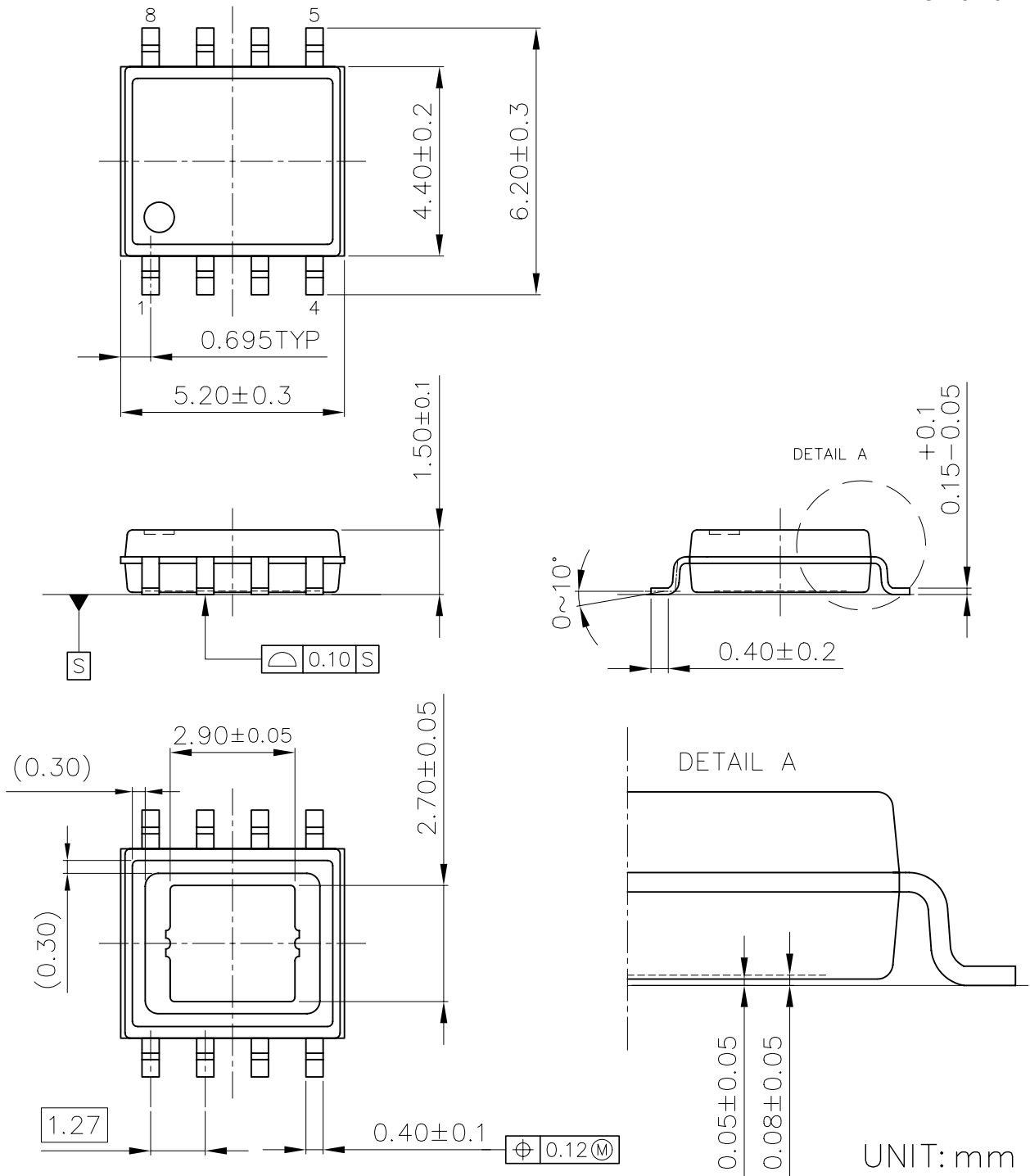


**Measurement Board Pattern**

# PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

# HSOP-8E

DM-HSOP-8E-JE-B



UNIT: mm

HSOP-8E Package Dimensions

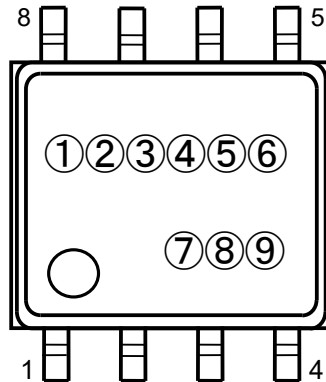
# PART MARKINGS

# R5110S (HSOP-8E)

MK-R5110S-(HSOP-8E)-JE-A

①②③④⑤⑥: Product Code ... Refer to *Part Marking List*

⑦⑧⑨: Lot Number ... Alphanumeric Serial Number



**R5110S (HSOP-8E) Part Markings**

**NOTICE**

There can be variation in the marking when different AOI (Automated Optical Inspection) equipment is used. In the case of recognizing the marking characteristic with AOI, please contact our sales or our distributor before attempting to use AOI.

**R5110Sxx1A/B Part Marking List**

Product Name	①②③④⑤⑥	Product Name	①②③④⑤⑥	V <sub>SET</sub> / -V <sub>SET</sub>	
				VR	VD
R5110S011A	R S 0 0 7 A	R5110S011B	R S 0 0 7 N	5.0V	4.6V
R5110S021A	R S 0 0 7 B	R5110S021B	R S 0 0 7 P	1.8V	1.6V
R5110S031A	R S 0 0 7 C	R5110S031B	R S 0 0 7 R	5.0V	4.5V
R5110S041A	R S 0 0 7 D	R5110S041B	R S 0 0 7 S	5.0V	4.4V
R5110S051A	R S 0 0 7 E	R5110S051B	R S 0 0 7 T	5.0V	4.3V
R5110S061A	R S 0 0 7 F	R5110S061B	R S 0 0 7 U	5.0V	4.2V
R5110S071A	R S 0 0 7 G	R5110S071B	R S 0 0 7 V	5.0V	3.7V
R5110S081A	R S 0 0 7 H	R5110S081B	R S 0 0 7 W	3.3V	3.0V
R5110S091A	R S 0 0 7 J	R5110S091B	R S 0 0 7 X	3.3V	2.9V
R5110S101A	R S 0 0 7 K	R5110S101B	R S 0 0 7 Y	3.3V	2.8V
R5110S111A	R S 0 0 7 L	R5110S111B	R S 0 0 7 Z	3.3V	2.7V
R5110S121A	R S 0 0 7 M	R5110S121B	R S 0 0 8 A	5.0V	4.1V
R5110S131A	R S 0 0 8 B	R5110S131B	R S 0 0 8 C	3.4V	3.1V

The power dissipation of the package is dependent on PCB material, layout, and environmental conditions. The following measurement conditions are based on JEDEC STD. 51-7.

**Measurement Conditions**

Item	Measurement Conditions
Environment	Mounting on Board (Wind Velocity = 0 m/s)
Board Material	Glass Cloth Epoxy Plastic (Four-Layer Board)
Board Dimensions	76.2 mm × 114.3 mm × 0.8 mm
Copper Ratio	Outer Layer (First Layer): Less than 95% of 50 mm Square Inner Layers (Second and Third Layers): Approx. 100% of 50 mm Square Outer Layer (Fourth Layer): Approx. 100% of 50 mm Square
Through-holes	φ 0.3 mm × 21 pcs

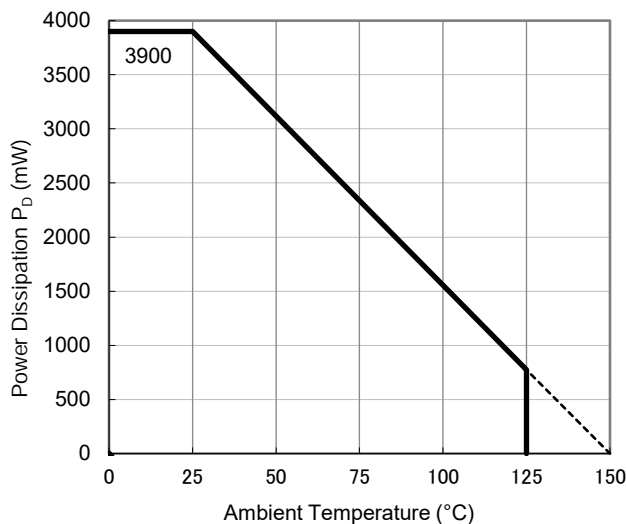
**Measurement Result**

(Ta = 25°C, Tjmax = 150°C)

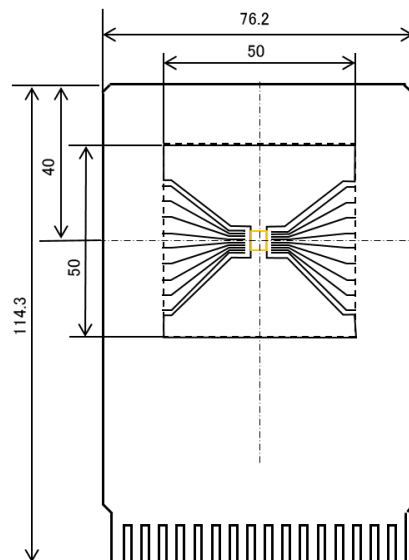
Item	Measurement Result
Power Dissipation	3900 mW
Thermal Resistance ( $\theta_{ja}$ )	$\theta_{ja} = 32^\circ\text{C/W}$
Thermal Characterization Parameter ( $\psi_{jt}$ )	$\psi_{jt} = 8^\circ\text{C/W}$

$\theta_{ja}$ : Junction-to-Ambient Thermal Resistance

$\psi_{jt}$ : Junction-to-Top Thermal Characterization Parameter



**Power Dissipation vs. Ambient Temperature**

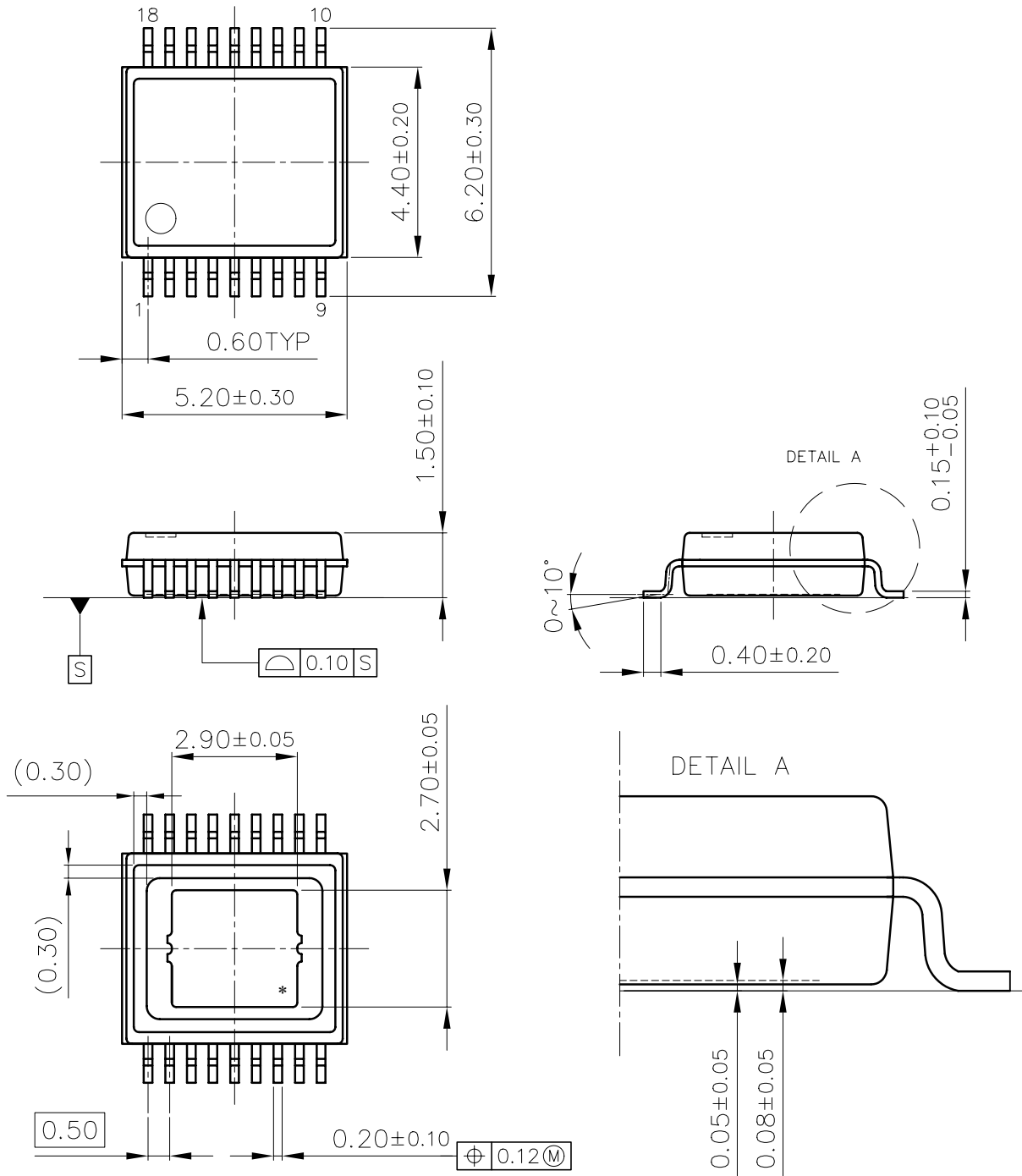


**Measurement Board Pattern**

# PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

# HSOP-18

DM-HSOP-18-JE-B



UNIT: mm

HSOP-18 Package Dimensions

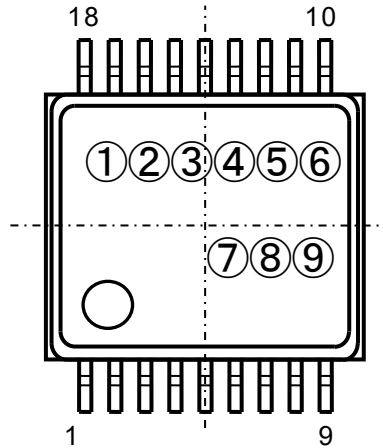
# PART MARKINGS

# R5110S (HSOP-18)

MK-R5110S-(HSOP-18)-JE-B

①②③④⑤⑥: Product Code ... Refer to *Part Marking List*

⑦⑧⑨: Lot Number ... Alphanumeric Serial Number



**R5110S (HSOP-18) Part Markings**

### NOTICE

There can be variation in the marking when different AOI (Automated Optical Inspection) equipment is used. In the case of recognizing the marking characteristic with AOI, please contact our sales or our distributor before attempting to use AOI.

### R5110Sxx2C/D Part Marking List

Product Name	①②③④⑤⑥	Product Name	①②③④⑤⑥	V <sub>SET</sub> / -V <sub>SET</sub>	
				VR	VD
R5110S012C	R S 1 0 2 A	R5110S012D	R S 1 0 2 N	5.0V	4.6V
R5110S022C	R S 1 0 2 B	R5110S022D	R S 1 0 2 P	1.8V	1.6V
R5110S032C	R S 1 0 2 C	R5110S032D	R S 1 0 2 R	5.0V	4.5V
R5110S042C	R S 1 0 2 D	R5110S042D	R S 1 0 2 S	5.0V	4.4V
R5110S052C	R S 1 0 2 E	R5110S052D	R S 1 0 2 T	5.0V	4.3V
R5110S062C	R S 1 0 2 F	R5110S062D	R S 1 0 2 U	5.0V	4.2V
R5110S072C	R S 1 0 2 G	R5110S072D	R S 1 0 2 V	5.0V	3.7V
R5110S082C	R S 1 0 2 H	R5110S082D	R S 1 0 2 W	3.3V	3.0V
R5110S092C	R S 1 0 2 J	R5110S092D	R S 1 0 2 X	3.3V	2.9V
R5110S102C	R S 1 0 2 K	R5110S102D	R S 1 0 2 Y	3.3V	2.8V
R5110S112C	R S 1 0 2 L	R5110S112D	R S 1 0 2 Z	3.3V	2.7V
R5110S122C	R S 1 0 2 M	R5110S122D	R S 1 0 3 A	5.0V	4.1V
R5110S132C	R S 1 0 3 B	R5110S132D	R S 1 0 3 C	3.4V	3.1V
R5110S142C	R S 1 0 3 D	R5110S142D	R S 1 0 3 E	3.3V	4.6V

The power dissipation of the package is dependent on PCB material, layout, and environmental conditions. The following measurement conditions are based on JEDEC STD. 51-7.

**Measurement Conditions**

Item	Measurement Conditions
Environment	Mounting on Board (Wind Velocity = 0 m/s)
Board Material	Glass Cloth Epoxy Plastic (Four-Layer Board)
Board Dimensions	76.2 mm × 114.3 mm × 0.8 mm
Copper Ratio	Outer Layer (First Layer): Less than 95% of 50 mm Square Inner Layers (Second and Third Layers): Approx. 100% of 50 mm Square Outer Layer (Fourth Layer): Approx. 100% of 50 mm Square
Through-holes	φ 0.3 mm × 72 pcs

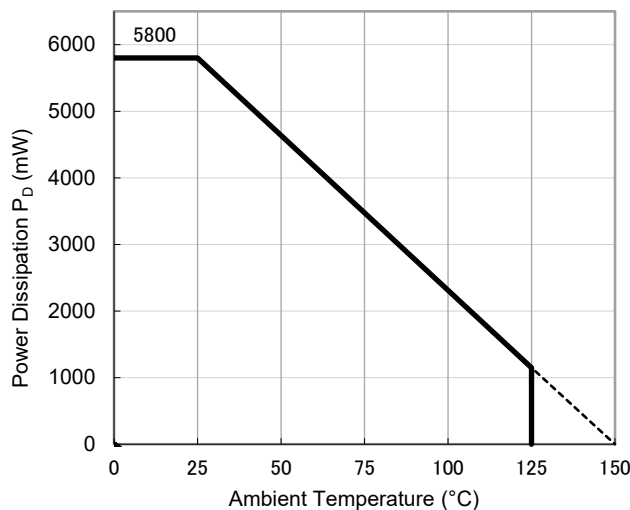
**Measurement Result**

(Ta = 25°C, Tjmax = 150°C)

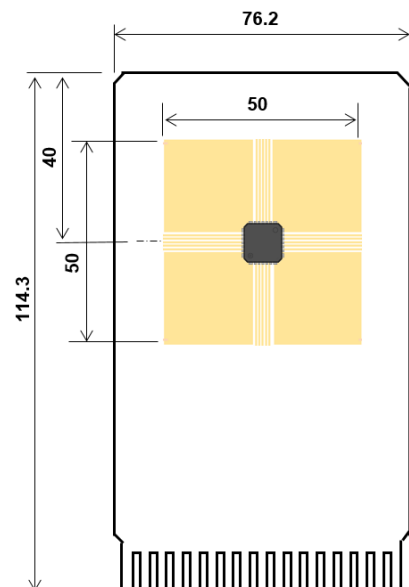
Item	Measurement Result
Power Dissipation	5800 mW
Thermal Resistance (θja)	θja = 21.5°C/W
Thermal Characterization Parameter (ψjt)	ψjt = 5°C/W

θja: Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance.

ψjt: Junction-to-top of package thermal characterization parameter



**Power Dissipation vs. Ambient Temperature**

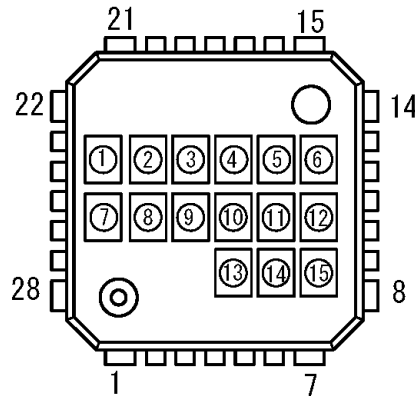


**Measurement Board Pattern**



①~⑩: Product Code ... Refer to *Part Marking List*

⑪~⑮: Lot Number ... Alphanumeric Serial Number



**R5110L (HQFN0808-28) Part Markings**

**NOTICE**

There can be variation in the marking when different AOI (Automated Optical Inspection) equipment is used. In the case of recognizing the marking characteristic with AOI, please contact our sales or our distributor before attempting to use AOI.

**R5110LxxxC/D Part Marking List**

Product Name	① to ⑩	Product Name	① to ⑩	V <sub>SET</sub> / -V <sub>SET</sub>	
				VR	VD
R5110L012C	R5110L012C	R5110L012D	R5110L012D	5.0V	4.6V
R5110L022C	R5110L022C	R5110L022D	R5110L022D	1.8V	1.6V
R5110L032C	R5110L032C	R5110L032D	R5110L032D	5.0V	4.5V
R5110L042C	R5110L042C	R5110L042D	R5110L042D	5.0V	4.4V
R5110L052C	R5110L052C	R5110L052D	R5110L052D	5.0V	4.3V
R5110L062C	R5110L062C	R5110L062D	R5110L062D	5.0V	4.2V
R5110L072C	R5110L072C	R5110L072D	R5110L072D	5.0V	3.7V
R5110L082C	R5110L082C	R5110L082D	R5110L082D	3.3V	3.0V
R5110L092C	R5110L092C	R5110L092D	R5110L092D	3.3V	2.9V
R5110L102C	R5110L102C	R5110L102D	R5110L102D	3.3V	2.8V
R5110L112C	R5110L112C	R5110L112D	R5110L112D	3.3V	2.7V
R5110L122C	R5110L122C	R5110L122D	R5110L122D	5.0V	4.1V
R5110L132C	R5110L132C	R5110L132D	R5110L132D	3.4V	3.1V
R5110L142C	R5110L142C	R5110L142D	R5110L142D	3.3V	4.6V

1. The products and the product specifications described in this document are subject to change or discontinuation of production without notice for reasons such as improvement. Therefore, before deciding to use the products, please refer to our sales representatives for the latest information thereon.
2. The materials in this document may not be copied or otherwise reproduced in whole or in part without the prior written consent of us.
3. This product and any technical information relating thereto are subject to complementary export controls (so-called KNOW controls) under the Foreign Exchange and Foreign Trade Law, and related politics ministerial ordinance of the law. (Note that the complementary export controls are inapplicable to any application-specific products, except rockets and pilotless aircraft, that are insusceptible to design or program changes.) Accordingly, when exporting or carrying abroad this product, follow the Foreign Exchange and Foreign Trade Control Law and its related regulations with respect to the complementary export controls.
4. The technical information described in this document shows typical characteristics and example application circuits for the products. The release of such information is not to be construed as a warranty of or a grant of license under our or any third party's intellectual property rights or any other rights.
5. The products listed in this document are intended and designed for automotive applications. Those customers intending to use a product in an application requiring extreme quality and reliability, for example, in a highly specific application where the failure or misoperation of the product could result in human injury or death should first contact us.
  - Aerospace Equipment
  - Equipment Used in the Deep Sea
  - Power Generator Control Equipment (nuclear, steam, hydraulic, etc.)
  - Life Maintenance Medical Equipment
  - Fire Alarms / Intruder Detectors
  - Vehicle Control Equipment (airplane, railroad, ship, etc.)
  - Various Safety Devices
  - Traffic control system
  - Combustion equipment

In case your company desires to use this product for any applications other than general electronic equipment mentioned above, make sure to contact our company in advance. Note that the important requirements mentioned in this section are not applicable to cases where operation requirements such as application conditions are confirmed by our company in writing after consultation with your company.

6. We are making our continuous effort to improve the quality and reliability of our products, but semiconductor products are likely to fail with certain probability. In order to prevent any injury to persons or damages to property resulting from such failure, customers should be careful enough to incorporate safety measures in their design, such as redundancy feature, fire containment feature and fail-safe feature. We do not assume any liability or responsibility for any loss or damage arising from misuse or inappropriate use of the products.
7. The products have been designed and tested to function within controlled environmental conditions. Do not use products under conditions that deviate from methods or applications specified in this datasheet. Failure to employ the products in the proper applications can lead to deterioration, destruction or failure of the products. We shall not be responsible for any bodily injury, fires or accident, property damage or any consequential damages resulting from misuse or misapplication of the products.
8. Quality Warranty
  - 8-1. Quality Warranty Period

In the case of a product purchased through an authorized distributor or directly from us, the warranty period for this product shall be one (1) year after delivery to your company. For defective products that occurred during this period, we will take the quality warranty measures described in section 8-2. However, if there is an agreement on the warranty period in the basic transaction agreement, quality assurance agreement, delivery specifications, etc., it shall be followed.
  - 8-2. Quality Warranty Remedies

When it has been proved defective due to manufacturing factors as a result of defect analysis by us, we will either deliver a substitute for the defective product or refund the purchase price of the defective product.  
Note that such delivery or refund is sole and exclusive remedies to your company for the defective product.
  - 8-3. Remedies after Quality Warranty Period

With respect to any defect of this product found after the quality warranty period, the defect will be analyzed by us. On the basis of the defect analysis results, the scope and amounts of damage shall be determined by mutual agreement of both parties. Then we will deal with upper limit in Section 8-2. This provision is not intended to limit any legal rights of your company.
9. Anti-radiation design is not implemented in the products described in this document.
10. The X-ray exposure can influence functions and characteristics of the products. Confirm the product functions and characteristics in the evaluation stage.
11. WLCSP products should be used in light shielded environments. The light exposure can influence functions and characteristics of the products under operation or storage.
12. Warning for handling Gallium and Arsenic (GaAs) products (Applying to GaAs MMIC, Photo Reflector). These products use Gallium (Ga) and Arsenic (As) which are specified as poisonous chemicals by law. For the prevention of a hazard, do not burn, destroy, or process chemically to make them as gas or power. When the product is disposed of, please follow the related regulation and do not mix this with general industrial waste or household waste.
13. Please contact our sales representatives should you have any questions or comments concerning the products or the technical information.



**Nisshinbo Micro Devices Inc.**

**Official website**

<https://www.nisshinbo-microdevices.co.jp/en/>

**Purchase information**

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